Advertising
Is the strongest link in the chain which connects buyer and seller.

Victoria Times.

A Catchy Advertisement
In an evening paper is like a rainbow in the East. It is a bright pledge of to-morrow's business sunshine.

VOL. 21 VICTORIA B. C., MONDAY, MARCH 11, 1895. No. 59

If You are Critical

In the matter of selecting your JEWELRY, we would ask you to run your eye over our stock. Only the most elegant, chaste and modern designs are to be found there.

Challoner & Mitchell, 47 Government Street, Opposite Bank of B. C.

Style

Latest Novelties and Newest Creations in Ladies' Waists and Shirts.

At The Westside, 70 Government St.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Armour's ★ Star ★ HAMS AND BACON.

Bacon sliced and beautifully packed in 1 pound boxes.

VERY DELICIOUS.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

NEW GOODS

Just received 2 Cases WOOLENS AND WORSTEDS.

This is an early shipment of our Spring and Summer order and comprises Fashionable Spring Fabrics in New Shades and Patterns.

See these Goods and get our prices.

A. Gregg & Son, TAILORS, 62 YATES STREET

If your Grocer is out of Keewatin ....Flour....

INSIST on his getting it for you and TAKE NO OTHER

TO-DAY'S CABLE DISPATCHES

Celebration of the Thirty-Seventh Anniversary of the Prince of Wales' Marriage.

Ten Thousand London Shoemakers Go Out on Strike—Death of Worth.

London, March 11.—Lord Rosebery went to Windsor to-day for an audience with the Queen.

Worth the famous dressmaker died in Paris this morning.

Cesar Canto the Italian historian is dead.

The Duke of York held a levee to-day representing the Prince of Wales in his absence on the Rivera. Ambassador Bayard was present.

The Prussian council of State has decided that the proceedings of its coming session shall be strictly private.

In consequence of the National Federation of Bootmakers notifying their operatives to stop work March 16, owing to a complicated dispute concerning the use of machinery, the Shoe Operatives' Union has called out all the operatives not obliged to give a weeks notice. Ten thousand quit Saturday.

All through this morning merry peals were rung out from the belfry of the parish church at Sandringham, the country estate of the Prince of Wales, and to-day an exhibition drill and parade was given by the military stationed at the London barracks. This was the mode adopted of celebrating the thirty-seventh anniversary of the marriage of the Prince of Wales and the young Danish princess who can fairly claim to be the best beloved woman in all England. For a great number of years the anniversary was celebrated throughout the country by the ringing of bells the hoisting of flags and holidays for the school children, but these observances have since fallen into disuse.

A dispatch from Yokohama says that arrangements have been made for celebrating the twentysixth anniversary of the marriage of Emperor Mutsuhito on a grand scale. The anniversary will occur to-morrow and it will be appropriately recognized throughout the island empire. The Emperor was married in 1869 to Haruko, daughter of the late Tadaka, of the house of Foudjirara Itchidjo. The Emperor has three children, Prince Yoshihito Harunumiya, the heir to the throne and two daughters, Princess Nassko Tsunenomiva and Princess Fusako Kanenomija.

Under Foreign Secretary Grey states that the government is awaiting the result of the investigation of the Venezuelan government of the recent arrest and imprisonment of some members of the British Guiana police by the Venezuelan authorities before deciding what reparation shall be demanded.

It is reported that Emperor William, accompanied by his sons, intends to go to Friedrichsruhe on April 1st to congratulate Prince Bismarck on his 80th birthday and also to make his title of prince hereditary.

The Belgian government will join France in her protest against the action of Venezuela in expelling the French and Belgian ministers.

It is reported that the German government is sending two warships to Guayara to enforce the payment of the unpaid guarantee on the construction of the Central Venezuelan railway built by Germany.

In the house to-day Civil Lord of the Admiralty, Robertson, said since the beginning of 1894 seven battleships have been started in the course of construction in England, one in France and none in Russia.

Over eleven thousand bales of wool were offered to-day. The good clothing merinos sold readily to Americans. The market is firm but no further advance in prices is expected.

London, March 11.—A Shanghai dispatch says Chinese residents are leaving Pekin, Tientsin, Taku and the outlying districts, fearing Japanese invasions. Steamers arriving at Shanghai are crowded with refugees.

A Pekin dispatch says a number of ladies have come to Pekin from Kalgan, deeming Pekin a safer place. Everything is quiet in Pekin.

That Prescription
Should be prepared with the purest Drugs by a competent Pharmacist. We promise you this.
John Cochrane,
Prescription Druggist,
Successor to Cochrane & Munn,
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

MONEY TO LOAN
In large or small amounts on approved security.
MORROW, HOLLAND & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A Safe in good condition. Will pay cash. Address S., Times office. m11-3

FOR MEN ONLY—Pants to order, $3.50, at Thomas & Grant's 61 Broad street. mr9-2t

SINGLE TAX CLUB meets in Temperance Hall on Wednesday next. Good programme—songs, speeches, etc. Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock. Discussion invited. Admission free.

Mortgagee's Sale —OF— CITY PROPERTY.

Under and by virtue of power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed dated the 9th day of March, 1893.

City Lot, No. 105, S W. Corner Yates and Blanchard Sts.

—ALSO—

City Lot, No 29, N.E. Corner Topaz Ave. and Fourth St,

Containing about two acres, less strip given for road.

—ALSO—

City Lot No. 190, Sub 5, 15.6x50.8, Waddington Alley;

City Lot No. 190, Sub 6, 15.6x50.6.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned for the whole or separate pieces, up to the 31st of March, 1895. Two-thirds of purchase money can remain on mortgage at 7 per cent. Highest tender not necessarily accepted. For particulars apply to

YATES & JAY,
Bastion st., Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Dental Notice.

On account of the prevailing hard times I have decided to introduce the instalment plan in my business, thus enabling everybody to have their dental work done by paying so much each month. I feel confident this arrangement will meet with the approval of hundreds, especially the working people.

Call early to avoid the rush.

H. B. FINDLEY, D.D.S,
Covernment St. Over Baker's Shoe Store!.

All fillings guaranteed to stay in.
mr-11-1m.

HAYWARD MUST HANG

Must Suffer the Death Penalty for the Murder of Miss Ging.

Minneapolis, Mar. 11.—Hayward was this morning sentenced to be hanged three months from to-day, for the murder of Miss Ging.

SUCCESSFUL ERRAND.

Barrios Settles the Trouble Between Nicaragua and Great Britain.

New York, March 11.—General Barrios, Nicaragua's minister to Great Britain who arrived on the Umbria from England refused to speak to-day regarding the Bluefields trouble which his government sent him to adjust with the British Government further than to say the errand was successful and Bluefields is now considered a part of Nicaraugan territory. Barrios added that his visit here had no political significance whatever.

TROUBLE FEARED.

Uneasiness Among the Indians of the Umatilla Reservation.

Washington D. C. March 11.—The war department has ordered General Otis commanding the department of Columbia, to send troops to the Umatilla Indian reservation in Oregon should the agent there request them. The Secretary of the Interior was advised by the agent that he feared trouble if chiefs "No Shirt" and "Young Chief" who have been imprisoned are released.

ELECTION SCHOOL TRUSTEE.

Inadequate Accommodation for Voting—Mrs. Grant's Election Claimed.

Great interest was taken in the bye-election for school trustee to-day. With the withdrawal of Mr. Cartmel, there were only two candidates in the field, Mrs. Gordon Grant and Mr. D. Spragge. The Women's Council were early at work for their candidate, and in good electioneering style hacks were sent around to bring voters to the poll. The Women's Council had made an active canvas for days before, and the result was that all day long the votes came rolling in for the lady candidate. The women voted solidly for her, and she appeared to be receiving a good share of the male votes cast. The supporters of Mr. Spragge also worked hard for their man. Quite a large vote was polled considering that it was a bye-election. Interest continued throughout the day unabated, and large numbers had gathered.

There was a great drawback. Sufficient clerical assistants had not been obtained and all throughout the day persons were kept waiting to vote. At one time a row of thirty or forty people stood in line and many had to go away without voting, and even when the clock struck 4 the number of persons who had not voted were about fifty. It was decided to let the persons vote who were in the polling station and a policeman was stationed at the door to keep out all persons. At 4:20 all the votes had not been taken and great complaint was expressed, and the question was raised by some whether the election, under the circumstances, could not be successfully contested. It is said that there were about 1,000 votes cast and the supporters of Mrs. Grant claim her election by 200 majority.

ARE STUMPING THE COUNTRY

Ministers Cannot Agree on the Manitoba School Case But They Can Talk.

Twenty Men Buried in a Burning Mine Near Rat Portage—Nominations.

Winnipeg, March 11.—A dispatch from Rat Portage says the shaft house of the Sultana mine is on fire. Twenty men are at the bottom of the mine, and fears for their safety are entertained.

Chas. Kerr, a pioneer of Holland, died on Sunday.

St. Catharines, Ont., March 11.—Lucilla Lacey has been acquitted of the charge of poisoning Frank Wilbur, the thirteen months old child of T. Pearson, of North Grimsby.

Windsor, Ont., March 11.—Wm. Abbott, a farmer, aged fifty years, was run over and fatally injured by a train on the Lake Erie road east of Windsor yesterday.

Ottawa, Ont., March 11.—Nothing of importance transpired at Saturday's cabinet council. It is said the ministers are hopelessly divided on the Manitoba school question but a decision on the matter is expected on Friday next. Most of the ministers are off on stumping tours.

Montreal, March 11.—The Independent electors of Stanstead have selected W. H. Cowhard, of Dixville, to oppose Hackett, the new member of the Quebec government.

Lindsay, Ont., March 11.—The South Victoria Conservatives have nominated Chas. Fairbairn, the present member, for the commons.

Rat Portage, Ont., March 11.—A man just returned from Sultana mine says the ten men who are at the bottom of the mine four have been taken out but are not expected to live. Six more are still in the mine, and it is feared they have been suffocated.

Toronto, March 11.—There will be a mass meeting at the horticultural gardens pavilion this evening to protest against any interference with the Manitoba school law. Mayor Kennedy will preside and the speakers will be Dalton McCarthy, Douglas, Armour, Rev. Dr. Caven, Stapleton, Caldecott, Ald. R. H. Graham and A. T. Hunter.

Charles N. Pooner, the Conservative nominee for Frontenac, has declined to run for the commons. The South Brantford Reformers have nominated Wm. Patterson, the present member, for the commons. The North Essex Conservatives have nominated Judge McHugh for the commons. West Northumberland Reformers have nominated Dr. G. Watson for the commons. South Ontario Liberals have nominated Leonard Burnett for the commons.

NANAIMO NEWS.

W. Cavill Arrested for Attempting to Blackmail a Chinaman.

Nanaimo, March 11.—The pay roll of the New V. C. Co. on Saturday amounted to nearly $70,000. Storekeepers were unusually busy all day.

The tender of the New V. C. Co. for the building known as the new court house has been accepted. The work of removing the building to an adjoining piece of land will shortly be commenced.

Writs have been served for the grand and petit juries for the special assize to be held in this city on the 19th instant. The judge has not yet been named.

A warrant has been issued for the arrest of William Cavill, on a charge of attempting to blackmail Ah Fan, who was recently acquitted on a charge of unnatural offense.

SUPREME COURT OF CANADA.

Number of Judgments Given To-Day—A B. C. Case.

Ottawa, March 11.—A batch of judgments was given in the supreme court to-day. In the case of Fortier vs. Lambe, testing the constitutionality of an act of the province of Quebec imposing a double license fee, or the wholesale and retail act, was sustained. The case of the Queen vs. Filion, involved the right of the crown to be liable for the negligence of its employees. This was upset and the action of the crown dismissed.

In the B. C. Mills Co. vs. Scott, involving an accident at the sawmill of the company, a new trial is given, the appeal being allowed.

THE SILVER QUESTION.

Eastern Men Oppose the White Metal Because They are Not Posted

San Francisco, March 11.—Senator Frank Gibbs, the well known New York politician, who is here on a visit, says there is almost a united sentiment in New York against silver, that is, as the claims of the white metal are advocated in the west. The reason is, he thinks, because the people generally have not examined into the subject for themselves, but have accepted as facts what their leaders have said.

First politician—You look done up, Chinamy. Is it worin' yuh to make all those reform speeches to the people of your ward? Second politician—It isn't the reform speeches Tim. It's the work of gettin' the boys to understand how I don't mean 'em.—Chicago Record.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

OSCAR WILDE ON THE STAND

Evidence of the Author In His Suit Against the Marquis of Queensberry

The Marquis Admits That He Wrote the Alleged Libel to Save His Son.

London, March 10.—The Marquis of Queensberry was on Saturday at the Marlborough street police cout, formally committed for trial by Mr. Newton, the sitting magistrate, on the charge of having libeled Oscar Wilde in leaving at the Marlborough club on February 28 a card upon which was written a disgraceful epithet. The marquis declared in court that he wrote the card simply to bring matters to a head and save his son, and he abided by what he wrote. Mr. Edward H. Carson, Q.C., formerly solicitor-general for Ireland, defended the Marquis of Queensberry. The court was crowded with well-known people.

Oscar Wilde, who wore a long dark blue overcoat, drove to the police court in great style in a carriage with footman and a coachman. Accompanying Mr. Wilde was Lord Alfred Douglass, son of the Marquis of Queensberry, but he was not allowed to remain in court during the examination of Mr. Wilde. Mr. Wilde was finally placed on the stand and began his evidence with an air of languid loftiness. When he was asked if he was Oscar Wilde, the author and dramatist, the witness replied: "I think I am well-known." This remark made Mr. Newton interpose sharply, saying: "Answer the question, please."

Thereupon the plaintiff replied: "Yes."

The reproof of the magistrate caused Mr. Wilde to assume a less important air. Replying to questions put to him by his own counsel, plaintiff said that he first became acquainted with the Marquis of Queensberry in 1893. He remembered having lunched with Lord Douglass, who is the Marquis's second son, and who was born in 1870, in the Cafe Royal during the month of October, 1892, when the defendant entered the room and by invitation of his son, sat down at the same table. Continuing, Mr. Wilde said he did not see the Marquis of Queensberry again until 1893, when he and Lord Alfred Douglass were lunching in the same cafe. The defendant upon that occasion shook hands with both Mr. Wilde and his son, and the witness invited the Marquis to join them. At this stage of the proceeding counsel for Mr. Wilde handed him a letter, and the witness was asked if such a document had been placed in his hands by Lord Alfred Douglass shortly afterward. The magistrate here remarked that he thought this document should be placed in evidence.

Mr. Carson, counsel for the Marquis, interposed, saying that he did not object to the letter being put in evidence. On the contrary, he preferred that it should be brought before the court, as he wished to show that the Marquis was acting in the interest of his son. Mr. Newton said that he could not then enter into the question. Mr. Carson objected to this and asked that the document be put in evidence in order that the matter might be investigated in the fullest possible manner. Counsel for Mr. Wilde said it was not intended that the letter should be read in court, as the names of exalted persons were mentioned, and he did not think it right that their names should be published. Counsel also explained that the mysterious letter was introduced with the view of charging the Marquis of Queensberry with additional libel, but as Mr. Newton insisted that in that case the letter should be read in court, counsel for the plaintiff withdrew the letter.

Mr. Wilde then continued his evidence, testifying as to how he was handed the card of the Marquis of Queensberry, upon which was written the abusive words, by a porter at the Albemarle club.

Mr. Carson then cross-examined the witness in regard to his acquaintance with Lord Alfred Douglass, saying that he wished to show that the object of the Marquis was to end the acquaintanceship of his son with the plaintiff.

The magistrate said he considered this defense to be a plea of justification and did not allow Mr. Carson to proceed.

The Marquis of Queensberry was then asked if he had anything to say, whereupon he arose and declared that he wrote the card "simply to bring matters to a head and save my son." He added: "I abide by what I wrote."

The Marquis was then formally committed for trial, bail being allowed in £1,500.

ACTED LIKE A VETERAN.

First Trip of the Whaleback Everett Was Very Successful.

The whaleback Everett arrived at San Francisco on March 4 and speaking to a San Francisco Chronicle reporter Capt. Bucknam said of the trip: "The fact that not one of our passengers was seasick on the way down gives an idea of the vessel's steadiness in the water. She behaved like a veteran, and delighted us all. The trip was a pleasant one, although we had one or two blows which were sufficient to test the boat. Despite the fact that our machinery was all brand new and all sorts of tightening up and tinkering were necessary, we made twelve knots in a heavy sea, and in a spurt made fourteen and a-half knots. Our average for the entire voyage was about nine knots. We will take 1,700 tons of water for ballast for the return trip. The wreck of the Wetmore caused considerable prejudice against whalebacks but just the same the time is approaching rapidly when this type of vessel will be handling nearly all of the freight. We discharge at Port Costa and then go north for another load of coal. It was no inherent fault of the Wetmore that caused her distruction. Bad management and whiskey were at the bottom of it. I have taken whalebacks out on the Atlantic during hurricanes and they behaved better than any other vessel I ever navigated. The sea is free to wash over them to its heart's content and there is nothing there for it to damage. The vessel is proof against anything in the shape of bad weather. The City of Everett is the thirty-ninth whaleback constructed in America, but the first on the Pacific coast."

VANCOUVER FIRE.

Forty Thousand Dollars Loss by Friday Night's Blaze.

Vancouver, March 9.—A visit to the scene of Friday night's fire at the Vancouver Furniture Manufacturing and Trading Company's factory shows that the large premises were completely gutted. The machinery and stock are a total loss and the only insurance carried was $3,000 besides there was not a cent on the building, and one of the owners stated this afternoon that the loss was $40,000. The origin of the fire is still a mystery, but it is stated that some boys were seen playing with matches near the building shortly before the fire.

DECLARED A DRAW.

Chess Match by Cable between British and Americans.

New York, March 9.—The cable chess match between the Manhattan Chess Club of this city, and the British Chess Club resulted in a draw. When play ceased at 6:30 o'clock one game was finished, its result being a draw, and the other games were left in such a doubtful state when play was stopped, that a decision was considered impossible. When Lasker was asked at London to adjudicate upon these games he proposed that the match be called a draw, as the remaining games could not be adjudicated satisfactorily to the club. The proposition was accepted and the match declared drawn.

Hundreds of players from all parts of the country were at the Manhattan club throughout the day. The arrangements were excellently carried out and the whole event went off in the best possible and agreeable manner. The only game which was finished was that between D. G. Baird and Mills. This resulted in a draw.

London, March 9.—A large number of chess amateurs assembled to-day in the Victoria hall on the second floor of the Criterion restaurant, which was tastefully decorated with white and gold. It was the same hall in which the celebrated international tournament in 1883 was played.

At 3:25 p.m. Lasker, the referee, drew for the move, and after the names of players were exchanged it was the opinion of all that the teams were well matched. The players sat down at separate tables, being roped off from the public, but along the middle of the hall ten chess boards were so placed as to give the spectators a chance to see the progress of the games. On these boards the moves were made simultaneously with those on the boards of the players. Here where the spectators congregated the moves were followed with the greatest interest and eagerness. The cable instruments were placed opposite the players at the end of the hall.

The general opinion prevailed here that the play on both sides was very cautious on all boards. Much disappointment, however, was evinced as time passed, for it was seen that the games could not possibly be fought out. Secretary Byrne said all were very well pleased with the cabling arrangements, but they can now see that more time should have been given. The experiment, however, was a good one, and will result in having an immense influence for the promotion of other international contests. Lasker had this to say for publication to an Associated Press reporter: "The experiment, considering the circumstances, was highly satisfactory. Playing was very good on both sides and the result shows how little difference there really is between the two teams. It was an encounter that attracted world-wide interest. The British Chess Club had gathered a very strong team."

It was a rather dramatic scene when play was stopped. Sir George Newnes had cabled to New York, at Lasker's suggestion, to call the match a draw, and he sat down beside the operator awaiting answer. Time passed and no reply came. At 11:50 the manager of the hall asked all to leave. The officers of the British Chess Club asked to be allowed to stay until the answer to their query came. The manager, however, replied that he must close the premises and that the electric lights would be switched off at midnight. Newnes and the others showed the greatest uneasiness as the hour approached. Lasker declared that he would have to leave in order to catch a train, but he was persuaded to stop a few minutes longer. Again the manager of the hall appealed to the people to depart, and then as the hour struck the lights went out, leaving the room in darkness, except for a few gas lights under the ceiling. As they were leaving the room the instrument clicked. Newnes and the others halted, and the operator said: "Draw accepted."

"Tell them," cried Newnes, "we are giving three cheers for the Manhattan Chess Club," and lifting his hat he shouted hurrah, and the company warmly responded. As Newnes left the Criterion one of the company asked him whether he was satisfied, and he answered: "Yes, entirely so. It has been great."

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A thing may cost but little and yet be worthless. The difference in quality between various grades of Matches may be such as to make the lowest priced the most expensive.

It interests you to know that E. B. EDDY'S are the best Matches made

THE FATHERLAND.

Proposal to make Bismarck an Honorary Citizen—Influenza Ravages.

Berlin, March 10.—The influenza is still rampant here. The Duchess of Sagan, mother of the wife of the wife of the German ambassador at Washington City, died of that disease to-day. The Duke of Sagan is only just recovering from an attack of the same disease. Emperor William's eldest sister, the Princess of Saxe-Meiningen, is improving. Two Berlin judges, Willer and Hoffman, have died from the effects of influenza. The epidemic is seriously interfering with the business of the law courts, and in several public schools owing to the sickness of so many teachers, whole classes have been suspended. In the whole of Germany last week Nuremburg had the doubtful honor of heading the influenza statistics with the biggest sick list; Hamburg next, with 1,485.

The long and friendly conversation which the Emperor had with the Duke of Cumberland while his majesty was in Vienna upon the occasion of the funeral of Archduke Albrecht, has revived the hopes of the Guelph party in Germany. In the court circles the opinion prevails that Prince George, the eldest son of the Duke of Cumberland, will be the reigning Duke of Brunswick upon obtaining his majority in October, 1898. The prince regent Albrecht, being very wealthy, is not enamoured of his office. He harbors no intention of founding a dynasty for Brunswick. He is besides, an ultra-legitimist, and never approved of the despotism of the Guelphs. The prince regent regards the regency as a provisional arrangement and absents himself from Brunswick as frequently as he decently can.

Prince Christian of Hohenlohe-Oehringer was the guest of Prince Bismarck at Friedrichsruhe, Sunday and Monday last. The latter spoke of his waning strength and Dr. Schweninger's positive prohibition not to excite himself and receive large crowds. In addition Prince Bismarck expressed grave doubts as to whether he would be equal to the task of celebrating his 80th birthday as the people wish him to do, publicly and with all kinds of demonstrations. The emperor has informed Prof. von Sybl, the historian that he will personally participate at the celebration.

A newspaper of Leipsic recently asked a number of literary and political men for an expression of opinion upon the idea of making Prince Bismarck an honorary citizen of the German empire by an act of parliament, and almost all approved the plan. Dr. Schaedler, member of the center party, was rather pointed in his answer. He said: "I beg to say that in the memory of the Kulturkampf and the oppresion of the German Catholics at that time your questions are of no interest in any way." The conservative national liberal and anti-semite members of the reichstag will celebrate Bismarck's birthday by a committee of members and will go to Friedrichsruhe together on April 1 to deliver an address to the ex-chancellor.

Mr. J. W. Dykeman
St. George, New Brunswick.

After the Grip

No Strength, No Ambition

Hood's Sarsaparilla Gave Perfect Health.

The following letter is from a well-known merchant tailor of St. George, N. B.:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen—I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills have done me a great deal of good. I had a severe attack of the grip in the winter, and after getting over the fever I did not seem to gather strength, and had no ambition. Hood's Sarsaparilla proved to be just what I needed. The results were very satisfactory, and I recommend this medicine to all who are afflicted with rheumatism or other afflictions caused by poison and poor blood. I always keep Hood's Sarsaparilla in my house and use it when I need a tonic. We also keep Hood's Pills on hand and think highly of them."
J. W. DYKEMAN, St. George, New Brunswick.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists.

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House

New Spring Goods

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

20 yds. White Calico for $1.
20 yds. Unbleached Calico for $1.
14 yds. Print for $1.
14 yds. Gingham for $1.
12 yds. All-Linen Toweling for $1
12 yds. All Linen Glass Cloth for $1.
15 yds Flannelette for $1.
Heavy Dress Serges, Double Width, 25c. a yard.
Fine French Dress Serges, Double Width, 25c. a yard.
Dress Lining, 8½c. a yard.
Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, 15c. a pair.
Children's Black Cotton Hose, 10c. a pair.
Children's Handkerchiefs, 25c. a dozen.
White and Embroideries, 5 and 6 inches wide, 12½c. a yard.
White Stripe Muslins, 10c. a yard. Best value in the market
White Quilts, 90c. each.
Lace Curtains, 50c. a pair
Samples of Carpets, 50 per cent. below wholesale prices.
Just received 2 Cases of Corsets to sell at 50c. a pair, worth 60c.

J. Horner & Co.
83 Douglas Street

PATENTS
CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, COPYRIGHTS.

CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. $3 a year. Sample copies sent free.

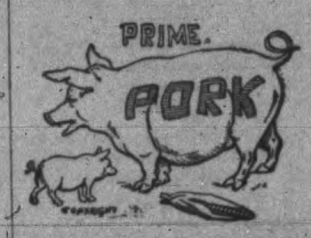
Building Edition, monthly, $2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address
MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates St.,

Finest and best equipped Hall in the city for Concerts, Balls and Socials. Fine Stage, Large Gallery, Absolutely fireproof. Properly Ventilated, Electric Lights, also Lodge Rooms. Apply Capt J. D. Warren, 1 Trounce avenue.

SING KEE
24 Herald St., Victoria, B.C.
INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.
All kinds of Chinese labor supplied at shortest notice. Contracts taken.

GROCERIES.



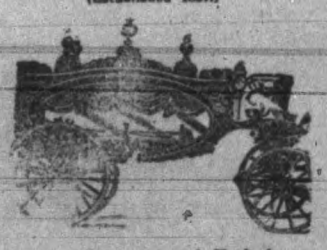
HAM (extra choice) 15 cents per lb.
BACON, long clear, 11 cents per lb
BACON, English back, 17 c. per lb
BACON, boneless back, 17 c. per lb
BACON, spiced roll, 14 c. per lb
LARD, pure, per pail, 12 1-2c. per lb

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR
For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)



Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

EDUCATIONAL.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK,
(LATE CO RIG COLLEGE.

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NEW PACIFIC CABLE SCHEME

Five Interested Nations Propose to Run a Cable Across the Pacific.

Russia, Japan, France, Hawaii and the United States in the Combination.

Washington, March 10.—When Congress failed to provide for building the Hawaiian cable it by no means ended the question. On the contrary, there has been brought forward a project of international importance by which Russia, France, Japan and Hawaii will join in an American enterprise for laying a cable from the United States to Hawaii and thence to Japan, with branch cables to the French Islands and extensive naval stations in the South Pacific. The negotiations with these governments has proceeded quietly but with such satisfactory results that they are well along toward completion. A number of conferences have been held with the officials of the Japanese legation here, and several phases of the subject are now under negotiation between Tokyo and Washington. Minister Kurino is much interested in the project. It is probable that five or six of the most influential and wealthy Japanese merchants will be named among the incorporators.

France has been interested, and in the course of the negotiations she has made a suggestion to Hawaii to the effect that the French interests will be better subserved by having the cable via the United States instead of Vancouver, which would be controlled by Great Britain. The chief interest of France is in securing cable cable connection with Tahiti and her other Pacific possessions and with her naval rendezvous, which is now cut off from communication.

Russia's interests in the project are regarded as even more important than those of Japan or France. Russia's cable communication with the western hemisphere is now eastward through London or Paris, and this filtering of all her news and official messages through London in particular has long been a source of irritation. The Russian imperial family have already a cable from Vladivostock, the easterly point of Siberia, to Japan, so the new line would give Russia through cable communication eastward instead of through London or Paris. The military and strategic importance of this is very great, for, should Russia be arrayed against the triple alliance she could not communicate westward to the outer world, but could always maintain communication eastward to the United States and to France. Hawaii is also interested in the enterprise, as she regards it as a practical realization of her efforts to communicate with the outer world.

Count Castellane, who Married Miss Gould.

The United States congress failed to act, and it also declined to vacate the treaty in order to let Great Britain build the cable. Under these circumstances the new enterprise, with Russia, France and Japan joining, has commended itself to Minister Thurston, the Hawaiian minister, and to other leading men in Hawaii. The foregoing governs the international scope of the enterprise. The American branch is on a similarly broad line. Admiral John Irwin, U. S. N., who wrote the cable report when in command of our fleet in Hawaii, and General Roystone are principally interested in the enterprise in Washington city. With them are President Alvord of the Bank of California; John D. Spreckels, son of Claus Spreckels; Herman Oelrichs, and other millionaire capitalists. Besides these there will be several wealthy Japanese capitalists heretofore mentioned.

Negotiations are in progress which cannot be made public, by which a financial house known the world over will be among the projectors.

The principal work of organization is being consummated here in Washington city. The only question at present is whether the incorporation shall be under the state laws of New York, New Jersey, Maryland, Virginia or California. Their advantages are being compared and the incorporation will be under the state laws most favorable. An effort was made a few days ago before congress expired, to secure a national incorporation, but it was denied, as it threatened at the time to be harmful to the government's cable project then in conference committee. It was not known at that time that France, Russia, Japan and Hawaii were interested in the project. But the failure to secure an international charter has in no way interfered with the enterprise. The organization will be under one of the state laws as heretofore stated, and the arrangements are so far along that the filing of the articles of incorporation will be during the present month. The consummation of the plans, which are now made known for the first time, cannot fail to arouse keen interest in Great Britain and throughout Europe. The British project of a cable starting from Vancouver appears to be ended with the failure of the senate to modify our treaty with Hawaii so as to let the British cable land on Neckar Island. The only recourse would be for Great Britain to induce Hawaii to break this treaty obligation with the United States, but it is known positively this will not be done. Instead, therefore, of a British cable across the Pacific, as has long seemed imminent, France, Russia, Japan and Hawaii are now uniting with American enterprise to execute this work of vast commercial and military importance.

Chased Gold Bracelet Given to Miss Gould By Count Castellane.

AN AMERICAN ON AMERICANS.

Failure to Pay Sealing Bills arouses an Editor's Sarcasm.

In the issue of February 28th, the editor of Town Topics (New York) wastes the following sarcasm on Americans:

"That glorious warlike hen, the American eagle, rattled her talons against her beak last Monday and produced a series of screams that showed that the old bird has got blood in her yet. Mr. Joseph G. Cannon, of Illinois, a gentleman whose chastity of speech made him famous a couple of years ago, spoke against the appropriation of $425,000 for Behring Sea claims. He succeeded in getting the appropriation beaten. Great Britain and the administration were banged in a way that must have made their ears ring. The main objection to the payment of the appropriation was the fact that it was made payable to Great Britain. It is clear from Mr. Cannon's speech, from the speech of Mr. Hitt, another Illinois statesman, that the expressions of the Republicans and Democrats in general, that Great Britain must not look to us for the payment of money, whether we owe it or not. We are a free country, sir, and we are not going to pay our debts or keep our obligations unless we are forced to. We have got a little navy, and we are going to be the monarch and the mistress of the seas, whether perfidious Albion likes it or lumps it. Who blew Sepoys from the mouth of cannon? Who shot Nathan Hale and will not shoot the "u" in "labor?" Who set her red and rapacious foot on the bleeding soil of old Ireland and cannot be frightened into taking it off? Who is an effete and consciousless monarchy? Who eats Brussels sprouts and the hopes of human freedom? Who has been monkeying under ground and under water, and why? Who raises the devil generally everywhere, and is the Unspeakable Thing? Who breeds earls and jookes to ruin the daughters of a starving tenantry and to marry the daughters of American freemen? Great Britain may as well understand, first and last, that international honesty or even international courtesy is inconsistent with the highest hopes and aspirations of a free people. We are 65,000,000 and going on 70,000,000, providentially placed in this land of plenty and freedom for the purpose of conversing through our hats, and we are going to do our duty if our larynxes do not give out. Mr. Joseph G. Cannon is the worthy spokesman of American patriotism, the proud representative of a great, an enlightened and a virtuous people, formerly the beacon of the oppressed, storm-tossed on the gloomy seas of European despotism, but at present solid against the Chinese and pretty solid for restricting immigration in general. When Mr. Joe Cannon whacks the British lion and likewise this British administration, every patriotic heart jumps into the neck, Ossawattomie Watkins, the great American foreign editorial writer of the Tribune, Borrows Mr. William Winter's porcelain tear bowl and lets his joy exude

Pearl Collarette, Costing $10,000, Given to Miss Gould by Mrs. J. Shrady.

into that sacred vessel, and on the Thames, the Ganges and the Assiniboine there is the sound of wailing heard. We are a great people and we are glad of it. Great God! Can it be possible that this administration, after allowing foreign bankers to take our bonds, would actually pay money to Great Britain? I guess not. I guess if Great Britain wants any money of us she will have to come over and take it. Hope she will not come until we are a little better fortified.

While I am on this subject I must not omit to hold up to execration the attempt made by Lord Ernest Hamilton, a scion of the British aristocracy, to exalt a member of that body whose sinfulness is so evident and painful to all right-minded Americans. In the March number of the Pall Mall Gazette this Lord Ernest Hamilton has a story called "Master and Man," a story in which he impudently represents a duke as nursing a man-servant smitten with smallpox, appearing at the funeral as a solitary mourner, getting the disease himself, but coming out of it all right because "his abstemious life had left no weak spot in his armor of defense." I guess the American people know as much about dukes as this young man does. He is related to them and wants to make out a good case for them. But it will not work. We know what dukes do, and marquises, too, for that matter. They sit up all night with their coronets on their heads and revel with play actresses and dancing girls, and drink champagne out of golden goblets, which they throw at the waiter, an honest, hard working man. They get up at five o'clock in the afternoon, drink a gallon of brandy and soda, shamefully abuse the poor valets that have to dress them in silk and lace, order the oldest tenants on their estates evicted, ride to Buckingham Palace in a gilt coach, and wink at all the pretty barmaids and milliners on the way. We know the old scoundrels. Hamilton can't deceive us. He has been conspiring with the millionaire refugee, Astor, to paint the character of dukes in glowing colors and thereby disparage our plain American democracy. Is this country obliged to submit to outrages like this? Why are not Astor's hotels confiscated? Why does not Gresham ask for the extradition of Lord Ernest Hamilton?

ARGON.

The Constituents of the Atmosphere Newly Discovered by Scientists.

The Turkish gentleman who remained unaware, until he sneezed, that his head had been severed from his shoulders with a particularly sharp scimitar, suffered more serious injury, but perhaps was not much more surprised than were millions of enlightened people on learning recently that ever since their birth they have been breathing a gas which they knew nothing about, says the New York Tribune. This "argon," which Lord Rayleigh and Professor Ramsay have discovered, is a harmless sort of commodity, and it constitutes only about one one-hundred and twentieth of the atmosphere. But that we should have so nearly arrived at the close of the nineteenth century without ever suspecting that the mixture of nitrogen and oxygen, which we have been inhaling, was adulterated with anything besides new mown hay, spring flowers, salt sea breeze and odors from oil refineries, is in many respects an astonishing fact. And the steps by which the English scientists just named and their colabores reached this conclusion are interesting, both to the general public and to the expert chemist. Although the statement made by Lord Rayleigh and Professor Ramsay at the meeting of the Royal Society of January 31, was merely confirmatory of the announcement made at Oxford last August, the details now supplied are more ample and specific.

The principal constituents of air exist therein in the proportion of about sixty-seven parts of nitrogen to twenty-one of oxygen by weight, and argon is believed to form one per cent. of "atmospheric nitrogen." Hence one-thousandths of the weight of the atmosphere, or about two ounces of the fifteen pounds' pressure to the square inch is chargeable to the newly discovered element. Its density or specific gravity is 19.7, while those of oxygen, nitrogen and hydrogen are respectively 16, 14 and 1. Nitrogen in order to be liquified must be subjected to a pressure of 35 atmospheres and reduced to 146 degrees below zero centigrade. These are called the "critical pressure" and "critical temperature" of that gas. The corresponding requirements for oxygen are 50.8 atmospheres and —118.8, and for argon 50.6 atmospheres and —121. The boiling points of the three are: Oxygen, —181.7; nitrogen, —194.4; and argon, —187; their freezing points, oxygen, doubtful; nitrogen, —214, and argon, —189.6. Our new gaseous acquaintance has, like air and nitrogen, been frozen to a solid resembling ice.

There were two principal methods employed by the discoverers in isolating argon. In the first common air was passed over red hot copper, which absorbed much of the oxygen, the product of that combination being oxide of copper. The remaining gas, largely nitrogen, was then pumped into a receptacle and sent through the following channels: A combustion tube over more copper, heated by a gas furnace; a small U-shaped tube, containing sulphuric acid, to indicate the rate of flow; a larger straight tube, containing soda-lime and pentoxide of phosphorus, to absorb any moisture or other impurity, and then another combustion tube, filled with turnings of the metal magnesium, also raised to intense heat by a second gas furnace. Magnesium has an affinity for nitrogen and heat favors their union. Thence the gaseous residue which reached the small receptacle at the extreme right was crude argon, the principal constituents of air having been almost entirely absorbed on the way through the apparatus here described. The residue had a volume only about one-twenty-fifth or one-thirtieth as great as the partly deoxygenized air introduced to the large vessel on the left.

The second method, which was found a little more expeditious, was to put ordinary air into a closed glass vessel over an alkaline liquid, and a certain amount of free oxygen, and then send powerful electric sparks between the platinum terminals of suitable wires that were led into the vessel. By means of the intense heat of the electric arc, the two gases were made to unite chemically, in a new proportion, and from nitrous acid, which was absorbed by the alkali. An alternating current from a dynamo was used, first being transformed by a Ruhmkorff induction coil so as to have a high tension. Great precautions were necessary to subdue the heat developed and to prevent action from other causes. This system, like the one previously mentioned, reduced the bulk of the gaseous mixture to about one-twenty-fifth. Finally by which every plan the crude argon was obtained, the gas was carefully refined by the use of the same substances (heated copper, soda lime, phosphorous pentoxide and magnesium) as were employed in the first process, although the apparatus was slightly different.

Lord Rayleigh was engaged for years in these and kindred experiments before he felt sure that he was dealing with a hitherto unknown substance. One circumstance which to him seemed highly significant was that nitrogen isolated from the air (which is thought to be merely a mechanical mixture), always seemed heavier than that obtained from chemical combinations. Thus, a certain globular vessel, filled with "chemical nitrogen," obtained from five different sources, weighed from 2.2985 to 2.3001 units, while "atmospheric nitrogen," produced in a variety of ways, gave results ranging from 2.3100 to 2.3103. It will be seen that this was exceedingly delicate work so much so that the final vindication of the discoverer's claim is spoken of as a "triumph of the last place of decimals."

The chief credit for the achievement is due to Lord Rayleigh. Some short notice of it was given to the public last spring and attracted Professor Ramsay's attention. He asked leave to investigate the matter, and working independently he reached the same conclusion. Samples of the new gas were sent to Mr. Crookes and Professor Schuster for special analysis, and these experts found that the new substance gave two spectra, one in the red and the other in the blue, at different temperatures, both differing distinctly from the spectrum of nitrogen.

The marked indisposition of argon to combine chemically with other substances leaves the discovery without any immediate practical value. However, the research and revelation constitute an exceedingly brilliant scientific performance; and some puzzling questions have been opened up for chemists. Nearly thirty years ago it was discovered by the eminent Russian, Mendeljeff, that if elements were classified according to a certain principle, a conspicuous mathematical relation that existed between their "atomic weights," they would be found in groups of any one of which the members had similar properties. This rhythmic or periodic method of classification has been adopted so unreservedly that when any apparent discrepancy is discovered, it is usual to explain it, not as a violation of Mendeljeff's law, but on the assumption that the atomic weight has been inaccurately determined. Now, Lord Rayleigh and others are disposed to put the atomic weight of argon at about 40, or twice the "density," 19.7, on the theory that it is "monatomic." But there is no place for it in Mendeljeff's tables, the experts say, hence the question arises whether it is not "diatomic;" that is, conformable to the practice of combining (if it ever does combine with any other element) in a ratio that takes two atoms of it at a time, instead of one. On the other hand, here is a fresh difficulty. Every element has its own distinctive specific heat. If placed side by side with water over a burning lamp, one will acquire a higher temperature in a given time than the other. Well, the investigators the "ratio for specific heats" for argon at 1.66. But the corresponding figures for the best known "diatomic" gases range from 1.27 to 1.42; and there are reasons which are weighty with learned men for thinking that argon is thus excluded from the diatomic class and thrown back among the monatomic gases. The issue here raised relate to the fundamental conceptions which physicists entertain regarding the nature of matter; so that the discovery of argon has given science a hard nut to crack.

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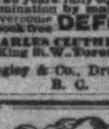

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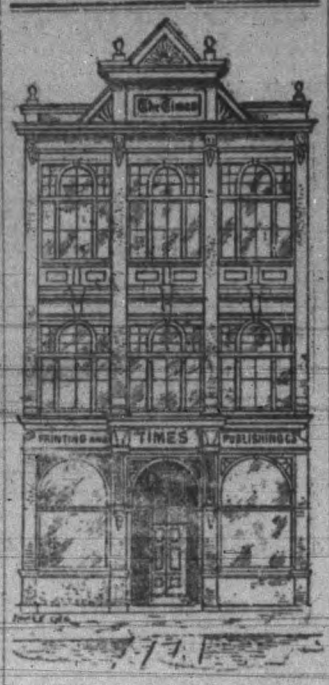

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

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At No. 26 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

The Daily Times.

POLITICAL HYPOCRISY LESSONS.

The Dominion government is on record as being ready to negotiate with the United States a reciprocity treaty in natural products, whereby "the British Columbia markets would be glutted with the cheap farm produce, live stock and meat of Oregon and Washington." But manufactured goods would be carefully excluded, in the interest of the Red Parlor, whose market must not be "glutted" by any foreigner. Under this nice programme the farmers of British Columbia would be exposed to the competition whose dangers are so alarmingly depicted by Tory papers, while they would be compelled to pay the old taxes on manufactured goods they wanted to use. The "farmers and other producers who have studied political economy in the hard but effective school of experience" might say what they think of the scheme, and also what they think of the hypocrisy of the men who pretend to be their particular friends.

TURNER, TOO.

Hon. Mr. Turner is the latest prominent Conservative to speak against the Dominion government. At the Eberts tuberculosis meeting at Cedar Hill on Friday night, the premier said:

"With all due respect to the Dominion representatives, the Dominion government were not too ready to spend their money in the province."

The censure is not, it is true, as strong as the Times sometimes contains nor as pungent as one of the Colonist's regular "protests," but it is none the less noteworthy as showing that our brand new premier has not the child-like faith of Mr. Earle and the Colonel in the Ottawa combination. We can assure Mr. Turner that he is quite right. The only things the Ottawa goverernment is "too ready" to do is to encourage "boodling," screen "boodlers," and "cinch" British Columbia.

ON THE MAINLAND.

The Columbian of Friday last states that "on Wednesday evening a meeting of the executive of the Conservative association was held with nearly all the district members present. Mr. G. E. Corbould, M. P., was elected president in place of John Hendry, resigned." This has reference to a matter which for some weeks has caused no little comment on the Mainland among the politicians who knew what was going on. The resignation of a gentleman who truthfully may be said to stand at the head of the lumber interests of British Columbia and who is identified with many other large enterprises in the province, from the presidency of the Conservative association of New Westminster, is a matter which attracts more than a passing notice. Mr. Hendry had held the office for several years and at election times exerted the greatest individual influence of any man in the city. His resignation, it is quite certain, was not permitted without an effort being made to prevent it, and the fact that it has been ultimately accepted is due to a fixed determination on the part of Mr. Hendry. It will be a severe blow to the party, for the reason that there is no one left who can fill his place. Apart, however, from the office of president there has been a striking repudiation of Conservative principles all the way down the ranks. The nomination and election of several of the officers and committee of the New Westminster association were made in the absence of the persons elected. One of the vice-presidents has since published an open letter in the press asking that he be excused from service, for the reason, which he gives, that he is on the other side. Just as in Victoria some of the old Conservative committee who were appointed have refused to act and have joined the Liberal ranks. Now what does it all mean? It means that the independent thinkers of the party in New Westminster (as in Victoria) have grown tired of corruption, of departmental muddling and of having a sort of stage stick for a representative, to say nothing of paying $10 into the Dominion treasury for everyone they take out.

WHY A CHANGE?

The Colonist, Nov. 30, 1894, said editorially: "For the first time in its existence Victoria is an importer of salmon * * * Salmon, fine, healthy, lively, toothsome salmon, are still abundant in the sea that washes the shores of this province, but the officials of the department of marine and fisheries have issued a decree that British Columbians must not catch the salmon that team in British Columbia waters nor sell them in the markets of the British Columbia towns or cities. * * * There are in Ottawa government officials who have a royal disregard of facts. Facts are beneath their notice. They make their laws and their rules and their regulations wholly independent of facts." The "organ" is now laboring to convince the electors of Victoria that a change would not be for the better. Facts will be beneath its notice until after the election.

THE UNDENIABLE TRUTH.

There has been no Liberal government in Canada, federal or provincial, that has curtailed expenditure, or lowered taxation or reduced the public debt.

There has been no Liberal government in Canada, federal or provincial, but has added to the expenditure, or raised the taxes or increased the public debt.—The Gazette.

Conservative resolution, 1877:—"This house is of opinion that the deficiency in the revenue should be met by a diminution of expenditure, aided by such a readjustment of the tariff as will benefit the agricultural, mining and manufacturing interests of the Dominion."

Expenditure, 1878	$23,503,158
Expenditure, 1894	37,585,025
Increase	$14,081,867

Has the National Policy made you rich?—Toronto Globe.

Col. Prior threatens—If he goes back to Ottawa—to increase taxation by piling on the duties. It would not be fair to the Colonel to take the threat seriously, for the reason that he never succeeded in doing anything noteworthy at Ottawa save once, when he made a speech on the tariff that put to shame Haslam's terrific arraignment of Britain's trade policy

The Colonist is "told that there are persons in this community who talk of opposing the government because they want a change," and a little further on it intimates that these persons are "blind and capricious fools." When the amiable organ resorts to phrases of that sort it shows its sense of coming defeat.

Herr Von Ploetz, president of the German Farmers' League, said in a speech in Madgeburg: "We certainly were led to believe that the government would change its policy and do everything to aid the suffering farmers of the empire." All this in a country which keeps up heavy "protective" duties for the benefit of its farmers.

CEDAR HILL MEETING.

To the Editor—A correspondent of the Colonist, signing himself "Compensation," seems to be very much exercised over the report in the Times of the Cedar Hill meeting. "Compensation" may know more than I do about reporting meetings, but in case he does not, I might tell him that even if it were possible to take a verbatim report of such a meeting as was held on Friday night, there are very few papers that would wish to publish it. That, however, is neither here nor there, as "Compensation" complains that I overlooked something important that occurred and to which my attention was called by Col. Prior. Well, as far as I know, Col. Prior is not running the Times, nor was I in duty bound to take down what he asked me to. I thanked him at the time for his suggestion, but did not promise him that I would comply with it. But why did I not report Mr. Tracey's remarks? In the first place because I went to the meeting to hear what was to be said about opposing Hon. Mr. Eberts and reporting a discussion upon provincial politics, and not to boom Col. Prior for the Conservative nomination. This latter seemed to be the object which that gentleman himself and several of those who accompanied him had in view, for if "Compensation" listened attentively to Col. Prior, as he no doubt did, he heard that gentleman ask those present to attend the Conservative nominating convention and vote for Earle and Prior. I thought at the time that it was too bad that one of the other prospective Conservative candidates was not present. But I had another reason for not reporting what Mr. Tracey said, and I have no doubt it was the same reason that induced the Colonist reporter to leave out a greater portion of Mr. Tracey's "speech." In an editorial the Colonist said the farmers applauded Mr. Tracey's strong statements. Of course any noise can be called applause if one regards not the truth, but I rather think that the farmers considered the speech in the same light as Mr. Helmcken, who said he had had lots of fun. Mr. Tracey, in the first place, seemed to be rather mixed up in his geography, for he started out by asking Col. Prior if British Columbia was in Canada. When the Colonel replied in the affirmative "that sturdy elector," as the Colonist calls Mr. Tracey, seemed very much surprised, and asked: "Why then do we not have the same tariff here as they have in the east?" This is where the applause came in, and the public can judge what it consisted of. Mr. Tracey then started off at a rate that would keep a phonograph busy and kept the audience in good humor, even Col. Prior finding it difficult to suppress a smile. As to the proprietor of the Times mutilating the report, I might tell "Compensation" that that is untrue, as th ereport went in exactly as untrue, as the report went in exactly as I took it. THE REPORTER.

AN OBSTINATE LAKE.

It Freezes in Warm Weather and Refuses to Freeze in Cold.

Seneca differs from nearly all of its many sister lakes in this section of the State in the matter of its seldom freezing over, writes a correspondent of the Rochester Democrat and Chronicle from Watkins, N.Y. This is due to the great depth of the lake, and the fact that it is fed largely by springs along its shores and, as many believe, at its bottom. During the summer season the lake absorbs a vast amount of heat, but, owing to the non-conduction properties of water it is slow in throwing it off in the winter.

For this reason on many cold winter mornings the lake's surface is covered with vapor, which indicates that the water is warmer than the atmosphere. This vapor is always densest over the deepest portion of the lake, showing that the water along the shores in the shallowest parts has to some extent become colder. As the surface of the lake cools the water gradually commingles with that below, and finally the whole body of the lake becomes cooled. In addition, a heavy body of snow melting in the spring and flowing into the lake, especially in case of a freshet, tends to cool the water and render the lake liable to freezing if the surface is not too much disturbed by wind. For these reasons the lake sometimes freezes over very late in the spring, even when the temperature is from 15 degrees to 25 degrees above zero: as, for instance, a thin film of ice covered the lake's surface on the morning of May 5, 1881, May 15, 1872, May 6, 1873, and April 26, 1884.

On many mornings during the past month and a half the mercury has been down to zero or below, and at Montrey one day last week the themometer registered 30 degrees below zero, yet the lake has not sufficiently cooled to freeze over, for no water has run into it this season.

In a description of Seneca lake Appleton's Cyclopedia states that it was never known to be frozen over until March 22, 1856; but according to a published statement of the late William C. Coon of Burdett he and a party of about twenty skated across the lake from Glen Eldridge to Watkins and back on the morning of February 28, 1855. The ice was then five inches thick in the middle of the lake, and was clear and solid. On March 3, 1868, the lake again froze over, and in 1875, for a period of four weeks and two days prior to March 4th, it was frozen over so that persons could cross it many miles from the head. On February 21, 1885, it froze over from shore to shore out as far as the eye could reach, and four days later a grand carnival was held on the ice in the evening. About 1,000 persons assembled, coming from Elmira and other places by train, and from all the surrounding country by sleighs.

January 16, 1893, an unusually early date, the head of the lake froze over from shore to shore, out a distance of about twenty rods, but the ice lasted only a few days. By observations many people have come to expect the lake to freeze over once in every ten years, and according to such a series it should freeze this winter, for by reference to the dates mentioned above it will be seen that it froze over in 1855, in 1868, in 1875 and in 1885.

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World's Fair Highest Award.

AUCTION SALES

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AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS AND ASSESSORS.
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Offices, Salesrooms and Cattle Yard Broad Street, View Street and Trounce Ave.

IT IS NOW "YOUR LORDSHIP."

Hon. Theodore Davie Sworn in as Chief Justice of British Columbia.

He is Welcomed to the Bench by the Judges and Congratulated by the Bar.

The swearing in of the Hon. Theodore Davie, Q.C., as chief justice succeeding the late Sir Matthew Begbie, took place this morning, and was an imposing ceremony. It was carried out in the full court rooms, the entire membership of the judiciary of the province and the leading spirits of the bar being present, as well as an unusually large concourse of the general public.

Hon. Justices Crease, McCreight, Walkem and Drake took their seats precisely at 11 o'clock, leaving the chief justice's place the only vacant one on the bench.

A few moments allowed for the puisne judges to be seated and Hon. Theodore Davie, Q.C., entered the room by the judge's door and ascended to the bench, where he was received by Hon. Mr. Justice Crease, the senior judge.

Harvey Combe, deputy registrar then read the commission appointing Mr. Davie chief justice, after which Hon. Mr. Justice Crease administered the oath.

Mr. Justice Crease, addressing the new chief justice, said: "It is a high and responsible position which you have been called upon to take upon your shoulders for the exercise of the duties of which office it will require all your skill, impartiality and diligence, which I know are very great, and it will induce the exercise of those qualities, which I have no doubt, and which I hope and trust will be so exercised that the laws and peace and order and good government of British Columbia will be preserved in the future.

Hon. D. M. Eberts, Q.C., attorney-general, said: "My Lord, it is my pleasant duty to be the happy medium of conveying to you on behalf of the members of the bar of British Columbia their sincere well wishes on your elevation to the high, dignified and important office of chief justice of British Columbia. I can assure you that it meets with their approval and hearty approval of the people of this province. I feel sure also that the kindly feelings which always existed between the bench and the bar up to the time that the late lamented chief justice ceased to preside will be continued now, and I hope that you your lordship will continue to occupy that important position for many years to come. Personally I am proud of this opportunity to give you my congratulations, as from my knowledge of your energy and legal skill I feel sure that the duties of your office will be acceptably and ably discharged. I have therefore much pleasure in moving that your commission and your oath of office be recorded by the registrar.

Hon. Mr. Justice Davie, chief justice, replied: "I thank you heartily for the words of encouragement which have just been spoken. I am deeply sensible of my own nothingness when my merits are compared with the illustrious greatness of my predecessor, but I trust a faithful adherence to established precedent may to some extent compensate for my deficiencies. I heartily join with you in the wish that the cordiality between the bench and the bar, and the friendship which has marked my association with my professional brethren will be continued whilst I am upon the bench, and that the sentiments of esteem which have always existed between the bench and the bar will be cemented under my chief justiceship, and continue whilst I hold that important and high office.

Frank Higgins was then called to the bar with all the formality of the new act which requires the taking of a multitude of oaths. He was introduced by the attorney-general, and was welcomed by the new chief justice as well as the other judges.

Two old pitmen recently met in a Durham village, and after the usual salutations the one said to the other: "It's a lang time since aa've seen ye Ralphy. Hev ye put ony money away for your aad age?" "Wey" was the reply: "aa've not dyun so badly. If aa wes te de to-morrow aa'd be worth four pound a week." —Tit-Bits.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Insure your plate glass at Mellor's. *

—Just received—Men's and boy's working shoes, 95 cents. Marks', 8 Store street. *

—Get Almond Meal Soap for the complexion at Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson street. *

—There will be a meeting of the Natural History Society in the Provincial Library to-night.

—Wednesday night a public meeting of the Local Union of Young People's Societies will be held.

—New figured Art Muslins for the spring trade at Weiler Bros. These are all low priced goods. *

—The Saturday night concerts at the Y. M. C. A. and Temperance halls were well attended. Good programmes were provided as usual.

—Mr. H. Waller, 89 Douglas street, having decided to retire from business, will sell all his well kept and well assorted stock of clothing and gents' furnishings below cost. *

—Keep out of trouble by using W. J. Pendray's tree spray and whale oil soap. A timely application of the spray will free your fruit trees from all the pests that are ruining them. 25 Humboldt street, Victoria. *

—The greatest event of the season. Grand masquerade ball. Victoria West, March 12, in Semple's Hall. Two prizes for the best sustained characters. Tickets admitting lady and gentleman, $1; extra ladies, 50 cents. *

—At the Victoria Building Society drawing Saturday night the successful number was 106, the shares being held as follows: 106a, E. C. Johnson; 106b, Ald. William Humphrey; 106c, E. J. Wall, and 106d, George Brown.

—The A. O. U. W. grand lodge meets at Vancouver on Wednesday. The Victoria delegates are: Grand Master Warren, J. E. Church, R. T. Williams, J. E. Phillips, E. J. Salmon, C. J. Russell, C. Steers, J. Critchley, Wm. Jackson, M. McGregor and F. W. Shakespeare.

—A concert will be given Wednesday night by the ladies' aid of St. Columba church, Oak Bay. The names of those who will take part are: Mrs. Walt, Miss Carnmosan, Mrs. Gregson, Mrs. Jones, Mrs. G. C. King, Miss Banfield, Messrs. J. G. Brown, Fisher, Piper, Allan, Howell, Huxtable and Clayton.

—C. G. Wattenbarger, a stockman of Bickleton, Klickitat county, Washington, says hundreds of cattle have died in that section within the last four months from eating a wire grass, a substance hitherto unknown to stockmen. The early rains of last fall caused a hasty growth of a grass that ripened. It usually never ripens. He believes it has hitherto been eaten when green, and in that state was not injurious.

—The Seattle Post-Intelligencer of yesterday says: "It was thought by a number of people along the water front yesterday that the schooner Lincoln, which has been halibut fishing in Alaskan waters for some time, is lost, as nothing has been heard from her from over six weeks, at which time a letter was received by Captain Munger, of the schooner Loyal, from Captain Johnson, of the Lincoln, stating that he had a full cargo and would return at once."

—Ald. Williams will move at to-night's council meeting: "That the sum of six thousand dollars be appropriated out of the waterworks loan for the construction of a submerged wooden flume to connect with the present sixteen-inch main, thereby bringing the water of Elk Lake into the city of Victoria."

"That the corporation offer $50 reward for the arrest and conviction of any person or persons damaging fences or breaking windows of any house or houses in the city, especially unoccupied houses."

—A well-planned and nearly successful attempt at smuggling 160 cans, or eighty pounds, of opium into the country from British Columbia, was brought to light yesterday by the delivery of the drug at the customs house by an old farmer named J. C. Mace, who found the opium on the beach near his ranch on Vashon island last Wednesday afternoon about 4 o'clock, says yesterday's Post-Intelligencer. An Italian named Grurier was arrested by F. D. Schuyler in a little sloop near the coal bunkers on suspicion of being a party to the smuggling. The opium is valued at about $800, and Mr. Mace will probably receive about $400 as his share of the prize. It is the opinion of the custom house officials that the opium was brought over from British Columbia in a sloop and thrown overboard, with the intention that someone was to follow soon afterward and pick it up.

—Arrived—New wall papers. Mellor. *

—Inexpensive room mouldings. Mellor.

—Chambers' Encyclopaedia—latest Edinburgh edition. Sample at Johnston's, Kirk block. *

—Bordered cocoa mats, plain cocoa mats, skeleton cocoa mats and wire mats at Weiler Bros. *

—Just received—Spring suits, very cheap, from $5.50 up. All the latest styles. Marks, 8 Store street. *

—Gentlemen—To enjoy easy shaving, get an outfit at Fox's, 78 Government street. Instructions for using and stropping given. *

—M. C. Brown, who has successfully managed the Adelphi saloon for twenty years, has again taken charge. He will be glad to see all his old friends as well as new ones. *

—Several local Orangemen left for Nanaimo this afternoon to attend the annual convention of the Provincial Grand lodge at that city on Tuesday. The convention will be in session three or four days.

—In order to avoid conflicting with the lecture of Rev. Hawels at the Victoria Theatre to-morrow night the choral class at the Conservatory of Music will not meet. The class will meet on the following Tuesday at the usual time and place.

—At the meeting of the Single Tax club at Temperance Hall on Wednesday night a good programme of songs, recitations and speeches will be rendered. Discussion on any subject dealt with during the evening is invited. The chair will be taken at 8 o'clock and no admission fee will be charged.

—The steamer Evangel, which sunk at her dock at Port Angeles a few days ago, was raised Friday night by means of two large scows with chains under her keel, which floated her at high tide, when she was pumped out by the tug Magic. The Evangel will resume her regular run Tuesday between Seattle and Victoria.

—The Pacific Coast Steamship Company announce that hereafter rates from Victoria to San Francisco will be the same as from the Sound. The rates for the next boat south are not yet known, but will likely be placed at the same figure as the Farralon rates. Persons need not go to the Sound to get cheap passage any more, unless they want to patronize the new opposition line.

—Ald. Williams believes in early to bed and early to rise adage as applicable to children. He thinks the youth of Victoria keep too late hours and that they are on the streets too often and too long for their health and the benefit of their morals. He proposes remedial legislation in the form of a "curfew" law, similar to laws in existence in the cities of Ontario and which are said to work well. Mr. Williams said that night after night he has noticed mere boys and girls hanging about the street corners at 10 and even 11 o'clock. To put a stop to this he will move at the meeting of the council to-night: "That a special committee of the council be appointed to determine upon the best means of preventing children from congregating on the streets and upon corners after 8 o'clock at night, and otherwise dealing with the subject relating to minors."

—The lectures on the Lord's coming are being continued this week in Gospel Hall. Deep interest is being manifested by the growing numbers attending nightly. Evangelist W. H. Close gave two able addresses yesterday on the church and kingdom. God, he said, is now gathering among all nations, by His spirit, a people to form a bride for His son, composed of all true Christians, and they should be waiting and watching for His coming. The sinner must beware, for it is not God's desired purpose to convert the world by present means, or during this age. Acts 15:14-16 shows plainly that He will turn again to Israel after a people have been taken out from the Gentiles. This is the church. The kingdom is earthly, composed of all professors, set up in weakness now and mystery like our Lord's first coming; but to be set up in power and glory at His sacred coming. Israel will be its centre and Gentiles will participate, but the church will reign in glory with the Lord over the kingdom. The subject announced for to-night is "When God deals with the Jew in judgment."

—On Sunday morning the officers and men forming the local companies of the B. C. B. G. A. attended divine service at St. Andrew's church. The pastor, Rev. W. Leslie Clay, delivered a special sermon to the artillerymen, taking his text from the sixth chapter of St. Paul's epistle to the Ephesians, from the 10th to the 13th verses: "Finally, my brethren, be strong in the Lord, and in the power of His might. Put on the whole armor of God," etc. The reverend speaker after referring to the strangeness of the fact that nineteen centuries after the advent of the Prine of Peace, the world should be as one vast arsenal, and commenting on the horrors of war, declared that it was better that men should be trained for war, and even the country baptized in blood, than that they should degenerate into cowards. The soldier spirit he lauded as akin to that of the Christian, of both being required obedience to the constituted authority and the courage to do and dare. Concluding, he impressed upon his hearers the necessity of putting on the whole armor of God, that they might overcome evil and take possession of the glorious inheritance the Lord provided. There was a large turn out of the men who marched from the drill shed to the church and back again headed by the band. They attracted a considerable attention all along the line of march, and there was a great crowd in the church.

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MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Paris Panels
For Brides and Ladies in Evening Dress.
SKENE LOWE, Photographer.

—The Y. M. C. A. gymnastic exhibition "took" so well that it is likely in the near future it will be repeated with new features added.

—The next rehearsal of the chorus of Martha will take place at Institute Hall on Wednesday evening. A full attendance is required.

—Mr. H. Siebenbaum, late of the Teutonia, has taken charge of the Palace Saloon. He will be glad to see all his old friends as well as new ones. *

—Police court adjourned at 10:50 this morning on account of the ceremonies attendant upon swearing in the chief justice. It was arranged to sit again in the afternoon.

—A meeting of the Albion Cricket Club will be held this evening at the office of Mr. Earsman, 34 Government street, where all members are requested to attend at 7:30 p.m.

—If you have never tried us when in need of clothing, hats, caps, furnishing goods, etc., begin now. Will take chances of holding your trade in the future. Cameron, the cash clothier, 55 Johnson street.

—The Australian liner Miowera is not expected to arrive here before to-morrow night. February was a short month and the Miowera is therefore thrown a little later than the ordinary date of arrival.

—The steamer City of Puebla sailed from San Francisco this morning with the following cabin passengers for Victoria: Mrs. Miles, Miss Jessie Chambers, Miss Evan Hilton, Mrs. McAllister and Mrs. Michaels.

—Rev. Daniel Vrooman, father of the Rev. J. E. Gardner, of this city, died at his home in East Oakland, Cal., last Monday. He was a native of Ossian, Alleghany county, New York, and had been a Presbyterian minister for a quarter of a century.

—The masquerade ball at Semple's hall, Victoria West, to-morrow evening, promises to be a very successful affair. This is the first masquerade that has been given in that district and all those wishing to spend an enjoyable evening should not miss this opportunity.

—The horse belonging to the fire department which was very sick with pneumonia a few weeks ago has entirely recovered. At one time the men of the department believed that there was no hope for the beast, but Dr. Hamilton by hard and skillful work managed to save its life.

—There will be a quantity of routine business at the council meeting to-night. It is not probable that the estimates will be brought down until after the vote on the $10,000 by-law, as it depends greatly on the passage of the by-law how much will be voted to the different departments.

—C. K. Ober, of the Y. M. C. A., of New York, will arrive on Tuesday from Nanaimo. Preparations have been made for his lecture here in the Metropolitan church. Mr. Ober is visiting the Pacific coast cities. From Victoria he goes to Tacoma to attend the district convention to be shortly held there.

—The Young Men's Liberal Club meets to-morrow (Tuesday) evening in Pioneer Hall, Broad street. As officers are to be elected and other important business is to come before the meeting it is desired that every member should attend. All young men who may wish to join the association will be welcome and are cordially invited to attend.

—The cases of the five Chinese charged with threatening to kill Chan Sun Ying are on for further hearing in the police court this afternoon, Geo. E. Powell appearing for the prosecution and Lindley Crease for the defense. A fresh supply of chickens with which to swear the witnesses in orthodox Chinese fashion were brought into court.

—Wing Lee appeared in the police court this morning to answer a summons charging him with an infraction of the health by-law, but it was learned that the property belonged to Mrs. Drascowitz, whose duty it was to make the repairs desired. It was stated, however, that the lady had gone to California, presumably for the winter, and the case was remanded. The court could only put it off for a week, but it will very likely be further continued.

—No evidence could be found to connect J. J. Cannon, arrested by Constable Palmer on Friday night, with any of the recent robberies, and a charge of vagrancy was placed against him. He was tried for that in the police court this morning and discharged. Cannon was found wandering through the Douglas House, and his explanation was that he wanted work cleaning up silver and other metal ware. It was known by the police that Cannon has been going from house to house doing gilding work.

—Rev. Hawels, who is to lecture at the Victoria theatre to-morrow night and on Wednesday afternoon, will arrive here on the Rosalie to-morrow morning and while in the city will be the guest of Dr. I. W. Powell. There will no doubt be a large attendance at both lectures for the fame of the gentleman has preceded him. The subject of the first lecture is "Music, the art of the age," and of the second, "Music and Noise." The latter is said to be particularly interesting to children. Experiments will be given on several instruments to illustrate different points and arguments.

'QUICKCURE' FOR Toothache
IT ACTS LIKE MAGIC. Never fails to give INSTANT and in most cases PERMANENT Relief. . . .
Endorsed by Dentists and Physicians as a most important discovery. . . . . .
Sold by druggists everywhere, with instruments, 25c. and 50c.

Phœnix Fire Insurance Co.
HARTFORD, CONN.
Having been appointed agents of Vancouver Island for the above Company, we beg to solicit a share of the patronage of our numerous friends.
SPRATT & MACAULAY, Adelphi Block, 104 Government Street.
MONEY TO LOAN.

THE MOON DARKENED.

Victorians Enjoyed a Splendid View of the Eclipse.

The inky darkness produced in places by the burning of the plant of the Victoria Electric Co. was dazzling light compared with the effect produced by the eclipse of the moon last night. Perhaps to heighten the effect all of the electric lights in town were turned out. It would have been a great night for footpads and a bad night for sewer contractors. It was perhaps darkest at 9 o'clock, and throughout the eclipse everyone had an excellent chance of observing it.

An American astronomer treating the subject from a scientific standpoint wrote a few days ago as follows:

"This will be the chief astronomical event for the month. While eclipses of the moon have neither the scientific nor the popular value which belongs to eclipses of the sun, they are always noted with interest. Unlike total eclipses of the sun, which often require long journeys for the observers, an eclipse of the moon can be seen from all parts of the earth where the moon itself is visible at the time.

"The eclipse to-morrow is well placed for observation. The moon is at its nearest point to the earth on the day previous, so that it passes through the conical shadow of the earth at a point nearer the base than it sometime does. The cross section of the shadow is more than one degree and five minutes in diameter, or nearly three times that of the moon. During the total phase while the moon is passing across the shadow, the moon will be seen as a dark rubber ball of uncanny appearance, totally unlike its usual brilliant disk at full moon. The explanation of the fact that moon is not wholly invisible is that it is faintly illuminated by sunlight refracted into the shadow of the earth's atmosphere. The atmosphere absorbs the bluer rays more than the red and is shown by the ruddy color of the sun nearest sunset, and thus the tint of the moon is red when in the shadow. Astronomers take advantage of lunar eclipses to measure the heat given off in minute quantity by the moon and to observe occultations of stars.

"The moon will be about 224,000 miles from the earth. The shadow cast by our planet will be about 5,800 miles in thickness. At the middle of the eclipse the moon's centre will approach to within 50 miles of the centre of the shadow. The eclipse will be total, on a grand scale, the magnitude being 1.62. The local time for Seattle (virtually the same as Victoria) will be 5:44 p.m. for the beginning and 9:15 for the ending. As the moon rises at 5 h. 47 m. at Seattle, the eclipse will be just beginning at moonrise."

TWO INDIANS DROWNED.

They Belonged to the Sealer Katherine—The Sealing Catch.

The Maude is in port with the latest West coast news. They arrived at noon and reported good weather. At Euculet she met the sealing schooner Katherine and took 96 skins from her, and at Clayoquot the Sapphire with 45 skins and the Triumph with 73. The Shelby was at Euculet with 117 skins and the Maud S. with 105. At Ahouset are still lying the schooners Annie C. Moore, Walter Rich, C. D. Rand and Oscar and Hattie, waiting for crews.

During the gale on the first of the month, the Katherine, while sealing off the Cape, lost a canoe with two Indians. They were drowned, no trace even being found of the canoe.

A considerable amount of freight was brought down, and the following passengers were aboard: H. McKenzie, Captain Kelly, W. Netherby, F. Pell, A. Luckovetch, Constable McKenna, Miss Dunnington, F. Crompton, J. Grierson and J. J. Beard and two children.

A letter written at Clayoquot on the 8th of March says schooners Triumph and Sapphire arrived here at noon yesterday. The Triumph has seventy-three skins and the Sapphire 45, both schooners had cruised south as far as the Columbia river, and sighted each other every day since leaving Clayoquot. On the 2nd instant Captain C. N. Cox counted nineteen vessels in sight. On the 1st a gale from the northwest was experienced in which the Katherine, Captain Gould, lost a canoe with its two Indian occupants. On the 25th of February the Katherine had twelve skins on board. March 3 Maude S was spoken with 92 skins, Theresa with two skins, and on March 5 the Vancouver Beatrice had 30. Schooner Florence M. Smith sailed on March 1st from Friendly Cove with 17 canoes. Captain Foley in the San Jose with 9 canoes, sailed from Nuchlat on the 3rd instant. From Hesquit the Ainoko sailed on the 1st with 9 canoes, and the Libbie followed on the 2nd with a like number. Captains Heater of the Ainoko and Hackett of the Libbie, succeeded in launching the schooner Escort, which was driven on shore in a gale about a month since. The Escort is not injured.

A note from Euculet written yesterday says the schooner Katherine, Captain Gould, sent down his catch of 96 skins by the Maude. Schooner Shelby, Captain Clawson, arrived here to-day with 117 skins. The Shelby has white hunters and carries but four boats.

Quick Time to the East.

The Northern Pacific railroad company has put into effect a new and shorter schedule for eastbound trains, which now leave Seattle at 2 p.m., and Tacoma at 3 p.m., daily, making the run to Chicago in 16 hours less than heretofore. Time to New York, four and a half days. Best schedule ever in effect across the continent. Passenger trains are all now lighted by electricity and heated by steam. For tickets apply to E. E. Blackwood, agent, Adelphi Building. *

Clearance Sale of Furniture & Etc.

The immense stock of well selected furniture, carpets, curtains, oil cloths, linoleum, crockery, glassware, lamps, etc., of the Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Furniture Co., limited, will be sold at greatly reduced prices for cash. Call early and secure bargains.

Legal Intelligence.

After the formal ceremony of administering the oath of office to Chief Justice Davie the court sitting as a full court, proceeded with the cases set down for hearing. The following cases are to be heard as follows: The William Hamilton Company vs. Victoria Lumber Company, to-morrow, the 12th instant. Wong Hi Woon vs. Duncan, Monday; McColl vs. Leamy, one week; Brown & Erb vs. Jowett, one week; Tremblay vs. Durocher, 21st instant; Donohue vs. Harrison, adjourned until next sitting of the full court. The case of Boscowitz vs. Cooper, a divisional court appeal, was adjourned until the 21st of April.

"I love you dearly, Jack," she said. "You are the light of my life."

"I'm sorry," said the father, as he appeared in the doorway, "but I will have to put your light out."—Life.

Vanderchump—I don't see Dudely riding in the park any more.

Vanderclam—No, he has quit it.

"Swore off?"

"No, fell off."

CONTINUAL ADVERTISING IS THE ....PRICE OF BUSINESS SUCCESS....

There is No Exception
One Principle that All Agree Upon.

No matter what the station in life may be; no matter how many people differ in opinion on social or political subjects; there is one principle that all agree upon, and that is to secure the best value for the money in anything needed. There are times and conditions under which this rule cannot be applied, but this is due to the absence of money rather than the absence of knowledge. Oftentimes ones necessities demand the acquisition of a thing which of the best kind is beyond the extent of his or her possessions, and as a result must take the article that suits the purse rather than one that pleases the desires. The best is always the cheapest, even though the price should be in excess of the cheaper articles; but when you can secure the best at the same price as you can the inferior, why then, there is no need for hesitation. This condition of things you will find in regard to FINDLEY'S SOAPS.

Ask your Grocer for them and take no other.

The Survival
...OF...
The Fittest

The fittest contrive
To longest survive
'Tis a fact the great savant computes;
In this we concur
And this week refer
To the style and fit of our suits.

NEW GOODS.
NEW PRICES.
SUITS FROM $18.
PANTS FROM $4.

W. D. Kinnaird,
The Cash Tailor, 46 Johnson St

GOVERNMENT DEPRESSION.

The Financial Situation Continues to Grow Worse—Suppressing the Facts.

Sensitive Tory Politicians and Newspapers—Sir Hibbert's Anglophobia.

Ottawa, Ont., March 3.—The government organs have so far refrained from publishing the statement of revenue and expenditure for the month of February which was published in yesterday's Canada Gazette. The reason for this is palpable. Alongside the publication of the condition of the revenue in the government papers for the past few weeks was an apology for the low state of the finances as compared with last year, and the statement was always added that this was party due to exceptional causes but the following month was always to be better. This prediction has not been verified, and consequently the organs have stopped giving the news to their readers. The revenue for the month of February last compared with February, 1895, was as follows:

	Feb. 1894.	Feb. 1895
Customs	$1,403,315	$1,416,025
Excise	565,424	533,225
Post office	264,834	270,000
Public Works, etc.	190,018	161,229
Miscellaneous	149,375	169,610
	$2,671,966	$2,550,112
	$2,550,112	
Decrease last month	$ 121,454	

Take the finances for the eight months of the fiscal year just gone and a good idea of the big deficit which stares us in the face can be found. The total revenue for the eight months ending February last compared with the eight months of the previous fiscal year is as follows:

	Feb. 1894.	Feb. 1895
Customs	$13,093,708	$11,334,606
Excise	5,571,386	5,190,896
Post office	1,892,197	1,921,236
Public Works	2,463,732	2,354,566
Miscellaneous	1,065,496	1,003,551
	$24,086,569	$21,804,945
	$21,804,945	
	$ 2,281,574	

So that we are $2,281,574 worse off now than we were at this time last year and we finished up the last financial year with a deficit of $1,200,000 in round numbers. The expenditure for the eight months just gone is $22,335,052 compared with $21,632,463 for the eight months in 1894, so that there is little hope of any saving in retrenchment. Already we have a deficit of over half a million dollars when the revenue and the expenditure for the eight months are compared, and by the time the year closes, travelling at about the same rate as last year, we will close the financial year with a deficit of over $5,000,000. Some calculations put the deficit as high as $6,000,000, but it certainly will be about $5,000,000.

Is there any wonder then, let me ask once more, why Mr. Foster refused to meet parliament? There is one thing that Canadians do not like and that is cowardice. So that it would have been very much better for the finance minister to have faced the music like a man than to have run away from the effects of his own creation. He might have given some excuse for the condition of affairs if he met the house, but none for refusing to do so. But when dealing with the question of finances it ought to be borne in mind that we borrowed since last year $20,000,000 and at the same time have added to the public debt of the country nearly eight million dollars. A deficit of about $5,000,000; a loan of $20,000,000 and over $10,000,000 added to the public debt would have been the story which Mr. Foster would have given the house as to his closing of the present fiscal year. Has the National Policy made you rich?

The Toronto Globe has been asking daily if the National Policy has made men rich? Some newspapers are now taking exception to this, stating that it is not the duty of any government to make anybody rich. But the National Policy is to-day making a few millionaires in the country at the expense of the great masses. The question, therefore, which the Globe puts is a pertinent one. It is making somebody rich; are you among the number? The country, as I have shown is getting poorer; in fact it is being bled white by the monopolists, so the question is now whether these monopolists are going to own the whole of it or not.

Take the manufacturers' meeting recently held in the city of Toronto. The secretary of the association pointed to the fact that the brief which he supplied Mr. Foster with was taken by the finance minister and the necessary changes which the association demanded in the tariff were carried out. The same meeting passed a resolution of satisfaction at the appointment of Premier Bowell. It is about time that the country knew officially that Mr. Foster in changing the tariff merely held a "brief" from the manufacturers' association to do so. Mr. Cassidy, secretary of the association now says that such is the case.

Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, not content with denouncing Britain's free trade policy, and pointing to the decadence of the mother land, which, he says, cannot find a market for its wares without the aid of its navy and army by forcing its goods upon uncivilized countries at the point of the bayonet, now turns his attention to the foreign policy of England and attacks the same. He says that the correspondence which has passed between the colonial office and Canada and the United States shows that the interests of Canada in connection with the Behring Sea case were sacrificed by Great Britain on account of the relations which existed between that country and the United States for the ostensible purpose of preserving the seals. Such statements coming from a Liberal would be rank treason but from the mouth of the minister of justice, the Tories will hold that they are truly "loil." The minister of justice does not see the force of having an anti-British policy without getting whatever capital there is to be gained from such and consequently does not hesitate to proclaim and advocate the same. There is no doubt but John Bull will survive the shock. Liberals have no reason to go back on their British policy because of the attitude of the belligerent minister of justice and Tories of that ilk. As long as it pays a Tory to be loyal he is so, but when it does not then he becomes an annexationist and a rebel against the constitution.

SLABTOWN.

OFF FOR LIBERIA.

Two Hundred Negroes Leaving Their Homes in the Southern States.

Savannah, Ga., March 11.—Two hundred negroes, representing nearly every state in the south arrived here Friday bound for Liberia. They were expecting to find a ship ready here for them to sail at once but none arrived. T. D. Howard, secretary of the International Migration Society, who is in charge of the party, says a ship has been chartered and will be here in a day or two. The negroes range all the way from the sucking infant to the gray-haired man. They are now encamped in cars in the Georgia Central Railway yard, but the agent says they will be put into a camp until the arrival of the ship.

HARD ON WOMEN.

What They Have to Put up with When They Enter Politics.

Denver, Col., March 10.—When a bill to provide cots for jurors came up in the assembly yesterday much merriment was occasioned by an amendment providing separate apartments for women jurors. Assemblywoman Klock, red in the face said: "Mr. Chairman, I protest against the entertaining of such talk here. It is an implied insult to members of this body." Another member said that the law provided that the jury shall be kept together, and this could not be done if the women were given separate quarters. More laughter followed. Again Mrs. Klock arose, but the chairman rapped for order. The measure was tabled.

REPORT DENIED.

Huntingdon has not Grabbed the Monterey and New Orleans System.

Baltimore, Md., March 11.—Third Vice-President C. K. Lord, of the Baltimore & Ohio, says there is nothing in the report that Mr. C. P. Huntingdon is likely to secure control of the Monterey and Mexican Gulf system. The latter, Mr. Lord says, will be maintained independent of the Huntingdon interests. The Monterey and Mexican Gulf has its seaport at Tampico and has established an extensive business with Baltimore, a large quantity of coal being shipped over the Baltimore & Ohio for Tampico by the Johnston steamship line, which has recently been established between the two ports.

NEW YORK'S POLICE.

Mayor Strong Meets With Opposition To His Reform Scheme.

New York, March 11.—There will not be perfectly plain sailing for Mayor Strong in his efforts to re-organize the police department. This was abundantly shown yesterday by the fact that the two Republican members of the board, Murray and Kerwin, joined forces with Commissioner Martin, the representative of "Platt and Tammany Hall," in voting down Commissioner Andrews' resolution to concentrate the executive powers of the department in the hands of the superintendent. Hence arises the question whether Mayor Strong will submit to the dictum of Mr. Platt, or whether he will "bounce" the recalcitrant commissioners with a full appreciation of what that action may involve in the line of legislative action at Albany. The situation is a delicate one, for the mayor's commissioner, appointed if rumor be true, in virtue of the merit of his re-organization plan submitted during the early days of the present administration, discovered yesterday that his fellow commissioners were unalterably opposed to any scheme of reform that did not emanate from Mr. Platt. The commissioners' views were expressed in two resolutions the first of which provided for the abolition of the present inspection districts and the relegation of three inspectors to duty on the staff of the superintendent. The second resolution provided that the superintendent should be authorized to appoint certain inspectors or captains to duty at headquarters, day and night, to receive reports and hear complaints from citizens, and that all rules inconsistent with such details should stand repealed.

STORIES OF HETTY GREEN.

Economy in Settling Damage Suits and Wash Bills.

Some new stories of Mrs. Green's shrewdness are printed in the New York Tribune. Her son Edward owns and manages a railroad about 200 miles in length running into Waco, Tex. The railroad runs through a stock grazing country, and for several years Mr. Green has been subject to petty lawsuits on the part of he people having cattle killed by the cars. The railroads are not fenced it being cheaper to pay for cattle than to fence the track. Cattle are really worth about $12 a head on the plains in Texas, but whenever the railroad was sued for killing stock the company would be mulcted about $30 a head.

A year ago last summer a drover got into deep water financially and offered to sell his entire herd to the company. Mr. Green bought it. It was at this time Mrs. Green was in Texas and learned from her son of the price of the cattle killed by the cars. She advised buying the stock. The cattle were then turned loose on the railroad's land and allowed to multiply. While Mrs. Green was at Waco a man who had had a "beef" killed by one of Mr. Green's locomotives threatened to bring suit for $30.

"Let me fix it," said Mrs. Green when she heard of it, and then taking the complainant out to her son's herd told him to pick out a cow and take it along. This custom has been followed since that time at a saving of time, law suits and legal expenses to the company.

Repairs were being made a year ago on one of Mrs. Green's buildings on Broad street New York. She kept "tab" on every man and the way he put in his time. One morning a painter was five minutes late.

"You're around pretty early, ain't you Mrs. Green?" said the man.

"You're just right. I'm around early," she responded, her cold grey eyes fastened upon his. "If I did'nt watch you all the time you'd soon be owning this building and I'd be doing the painting." The man was never late after that.

A tricky lawyer worsted her last summer. In company with Mrs. Green's lawyer he called on her at the Chemical bank. Her Chicago lawyer was in to consult her about an important lawsuit. The New York lawyer asked the privilege of borrowing some of the papers in the case, claiming to have a case on hand similar to it. Mrs. Green lent him the desired papers with the written stipulation that he was in no way to consider himself her lawyer. This was agreed upon. Then through the Chicago lawyer, who thought his New York friend all right the latter was kept informed of Mrs. Green's movements. One day as she was about to leave her boarding house in Brooklyn for Chicago on important business, the lawyer appeared with a bill for $1000 for legal services.

"I don't owe you a cent," said Hetty. "Pay it or I'll get out a writ preventing you from leaving the state," said the lawyer.

She thought of her Chicago mortgages. "I'll give you $100 to let me go," said she. The offer was accepted and she got a receipt in full for all legal services.

The laughable thing about this lawyer was that he actually had the audacity to do the same thing again the following month, as Mrs. Green was again starting for Chicago. She gave him $25 the second time. He tried it a third time and failed. Then sued her for $2500 for alleged legal services, but before the suit came to trial he was chased out of the city for fraud.

To her washerwoman she said recently "You needn't mind washing the tops of my skirts. Wash only the bottoms where the dirt shows, and, said she, when you make out your bill be sure and deduct one-half on the skirt, as I will not pay for the unnecessary work." The washerwoman thought it was a joke, but found the next week there was no joke about it. The deduction had to be made.

One of her lawyers was sick last summer. His house is far uptown. She went to see him every day. Learning that seltzer and milk had been prescribed for him she hunted up a dealer in Petty second street whose seltzer was said to be the best in the city, and herself carried two heavy bottles of water to the sick lawyer.

She will help anyone who can enlist the sympathies of her son Edward. He has a hobby for helping young doctors. On his representations Mrs. Green lent over $15,000 without security to six young doctors in this city, and then she got patients for many of them. She will exert just as much of her shrewdness in buying an apple as she does in buying a building. The main thing with her is not to pay more for a thing than it is worth. It is part of her professional code to buy everthing as cheap as possible.

When so many people are taking and deriving benefit from Hood's Sarsaparilla, why don't you try it yourself? It is highly recommended.

The COOK'S PUZZLE

How to avoid sodden pastry?

The PROBLEM is SOLVED by the production of our NEW SHORTENING

COTTOLENE

which makes light, crisp, healthful, wholesome pastry. Mrs. McBride, Marion Harland, and other expert Cooking authorities endorse COTTOLENE. YOU can't afford to do without COTTOLENE.

made only by The N. K. Fairbank Company, Wellington and Ann Sts., MONTREAL.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 25,

Taking effect January 1st, 1895.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Luin Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the —— and —— of each month at — o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 4st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

Great Northern Railway

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST.

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 9 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet cars, with bathroom, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking, room, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connection made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings' with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America, a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to H. MARTIN, General Agent.

F. I. WHITNEY, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

TO

St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED		Victoria Route.			TONNAGE
19 knots		S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			1147
8 30 pm	Lv	M H	"Victoria"	110 Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72 Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	"Seattle"	28 Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	"Tacoma"	32 Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B.C

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent. No. 255 Morrison St., corner of Third St., Portland, Or.

PACIFIC COAST S.S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

UMATILLA, - - - - MARCH 14

R. P. RITHET & CO. Agents.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 23.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, Jan. 10th, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. (Read up.) No. 1 Pas., daily except Sun.	STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND. (Read Down.) No. 2 Pas., daily except Sun.
Ar. 12.00 noon	Victoria	Lv. 7.00 a.m.
11 55	Duncans	7 55
11 35	Shawnigan Lake	8 15
11 05	Cobble Hill	8 45
10 53	McKinnon's	8 57
10 43	Formans	9 07
10 33	Somenos	9 17
10 26	Westbourne	9 24
10 20	Chemainus	9 30
10 05	Oyster Bay siding	9 45
9 55	Oyster Bay	9 55
9 45	Nanaimo	10 05
Ar. 8.00 a.m.	Wellington	Lv. 7.00 p.m.

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return tickets for one and half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No return tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

A DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

STEAMER JOAN

W. D. OWEN, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's new office, Victoria.

Cheap Rates TO SOUTH AFRICA VIA THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

For Rates and full information apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria, B.C.

GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agt., Vancouver, B.C.

HONOLULU, SF & N.S.S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, March 16th, 1895, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Monowai—Thursday, April 4th, at 8 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO. General Agents.

or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. E. CONNON, Agent, Store Square, Victoria

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C.

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m. Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays Trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

Startling Prices

Boys' School Suits, $1.50, $1.60, $2 00, $2.25, $2.50, etc.
Men's Business Suits, $5, $6, $7 50, $8.50, etc
15 Cases just to hand

B. WILLIAMS & CO., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

Exceptional Values

ALL OVER THE PROVINCE.

Trouble Between the Management and Editor of the Kootenay Mail.

Value of Slocan Ore Shipped to the Omaha Smelter—Other Mining News.

NELSON.

Nelson Miner

There is a rumor that the C. P. R. intend to build a big hotel at Nakusp. The two lots opposite F. W. Jordan & Co.'s have also been purchased for the erection of an hotel. As a certain amount of mystery is kept up, it is possible that these two schemes may be the same.

The survey of the N. & F. S. railway lands, selected in lieu of those already occupied as mineral claims and otherwise, is proceeding. A block of about seventeen square miles being in process of delimitation of the north of the six mile line.

We are indebted to Mr. E. J. Matthews, of the Omaha and Grant Smelter, for the following figures, which are of the greatest importance as showing the value of our Slocan ores: During the last four months 4,905 tons of ore have been hauled out over the Nakusp & Slocan railway. Of this quantity 4,700 tons have gone to the smelter which Mr. Matthews represents. Out of that quantity he has received the actual returns of the product of 2,114 tons, which is as follows; Ore, 2,114 tons; silver, 241,336 net ounces; lead, 1,224 tons net. These are the figures after 5 per cent. silver and 10 per cent. lead have been deducted. The average product per ton is silver 114 ounces, lead (nearly) 60 per cent. The mines from which this ore was chiefly obtained are: The Slocan Star, Noble Five, Rueccau, Alamo, Cumberland, Idaho and Alpha. The value of these returns as showing the richness of the ores of the Slocan cannot be over estimated and they form the very best advertisement that the country could have.

It is extremely probable that a change will shortly be made in the management of the Silver King, which, it is said, will be placed in the hands of a local man.

REVELSTOKE.

The Inland Sentinel.

The report is current that another cut is about to be made in the wages paid C. P. R. employees, and that some changes will be made in the accommodation afforded on passenger service whereby the dining car will be changed from its present run.

March 7.—The Kootenay Mail trouble assumed a new phase this morning. Mr. R. W. Northey, late editor and manager, appeared before Mr. F. Fraser, J.P., at the instance of the Revelstoke Printing and Publishing company, charged with trespass upon the premises of the company. The trouble arose from the fact that Mr. Northey refused to accept the dismissal, of which the company notified him, and remained upon the premises of the company contrary to their wish. A great deal of interest was manifested in the police court proceedings, as there seems to be an impression among the workingmen of the town that it was largely due to the stand in their favor taken by Mr. Northey on the river bank wages, that his services have been disposed of. Mr. Haig, as managing editor, appeared for the printing company, and Mr. Lee for the defendant. Several witnesses were heard, and the case was adjourned for eight days. No announcement has been made as to who will carry on the work of the office in future.

KELOWNA.

The Inland Sentinel.

The weather is very spring like, and nearly all of the ranchers are now busy ploughing. The winter here in Mission valley has not yet begun. The thermometer has not touched zero yet. We can beat the world here on the shore of the Okanagan lake for climate.

It is definitely understood that the B. C. Gazette of March 7th will contain notice of the incorporation of Mission valley into a municipality. Then look out for news of election, etc. It is said Mr. Joseph Crozier will be the selection for reeve. The prospective councillors are too numerous to mention.

KASLO.

Nelson Miner

A telegram was received on Wednesday from Vancouver as follows: "D. J. Munn left here yesterday and proceeds to Kaslo, to commence construction of the Kaslo-Slocan railway." It is also mentioned that a large quantity of contractor's plant is lying at Bonner's Ferry awaiting the opening of the river. This cannot be delayed many days if the present weather lasts.

A combined effort is being made to guard the town against possible damage from the creek when the spring floods come. In response to a call from the mayor, Mr. John Keen, a meeting of men willing to volunteer for the work was held on Wednesday and numerously attended. Many men agreed to pay their taxes in this way and others agreed to contribute so many days' work free for the benefit of the community. Altogether labor amounting to $500 was volunteered and work was commenced on Thursday.

The new city council with Mr. John Keen at its head is giving evidence of a vigorous policy. It seems perfectly alive to the fact that it has duties to do and means to do them. It has already commenced work on the river protection works, a much needed job, and it intends to put its streets and roads in order right off. It is understood that the delinquent tax payers will be somewhat vigorously reminded of their obligations.

Mr. W. J. Goepel has been appointed auditor of the city of Kaslo by the lieutenant-governor under section 137 of the Municipalities act. He is going over the old workings of 1893 and has struck a ledge which appears to be of exceedingly irregular nature.

MIDWAY.

Midway Advance.

Representatives of large companies are coming in from all directions, which shows that the importance of this district as a field for profitable investment of capital is rapidly being appreciated on the outside.

A petition is being circulated between Grand Prairie and Penticton calling on the Dominion authorities to furnish us with three mails a week. Whether or not the request is granted, it is what the country needs and also what we are entitled to.

The work on the Ingram bridge progresses favorably, both piers being now completed. This work was undertaken none too soon, as in a few days, if the thaw continues, the ice will be out of the Kettle river, and without the ice to work on it would have been a difficult job to get the piers set in position.

A dividend of $8,000 has been declared by the directors of the Cariboo Mining Company of Spokane, operating the Cariboo gold mine at Camp McKinney, British Columbia.

VERNON.

Vernon News.

Mr. Al. Marsh, a prospector from the head waters of the Kettle river, was in town this week. For the last four or five years he has been tunneling for bedrock on the old channel of a creek back of the Monashee mountain. Alone and unaided he has followed his task, and is now in some 700 feet. He thinks that he is not far from the bedrock and hopes to complete his tunnel this year. Such perseverance and energy certainly merit success, and we trust that he will find rich "pay dirt" when he reaches his objective point.

Four tons of hops were shipped on Tuesday to London, Eng. They came from Messrs. Hobson & Conklin, of Okanagan Mission.

KAMLOOPS.

The Inland Sentinel.

The firm of Hull Bros. has decided to separate its Alberta interests from those in British Columbia, the firm being dissolved, and Mr. W. R. Hull taking the Calgary and Northwest branches, and Mr. J. R. Hull the western.

The farm house at the provincial home property is being fitted up by the government. Twelve men from the Victoria old men's home, will be brought up as soon as the cottage is ready for them.

AFTER THE HIGHWAYMEN.

Sherriff of California has Another Important Case on his Hands.

Stockton, Cal., March 9.—Sheriff Cunningham arrived here this morning after having worked on last night's hold up until daylight. He arrived last night on a special engine from Sacrmento in company with railway detectives Ahearn and a detective of Wells Fargo & Co's force. Cunningham reports that every avenue of escape is guarded by his men who have covered all the roads leading from the scene of robbery. He has secured information which shows that the men boarded the train at Tracy. Two tramps who were under the held up express train claim that they can identify the robbers. The sherrif's blood hounds were taken to the ground, but it was so badly trampled by the passengers who got out after the robbers had gone of with the engine that no scent could be secured. It has been learned that an accomplice was waiting in a buggy at Armstrong switch where the robers left the engine and sent it on to Lodi. The tracks of a buggy were followed for some distance where they turned and came towards Stockton. It is thought that one of the men implicated in the robbery is an A. Ruman who is known here.

RESULT OF THE GYMNASIUM.

Remarkable Record Made by Henry W. Lane, of Keene, N. H.

Amherst, Mass., March 11.—A comparison of the total strength record made by Henry W. Lane, '95, of Keene, N.H., on Tuesday with all others on the official books of the American association for the advancement of physical education shows that Lane has made a new American record by a large majority over Klein, of Harvard, who previously headed the list of American strong men. Lane's total of 1650.4 kilos breaks the previous Amherst record by 592.45. Computing the measurements according to the Harvard system Klein was credited with a total of 1445.60, while Lane reached 1737.05. In bodily weight Klein and Lane differ by less than a pound. In the dip and pull up Lane reached 45 and 48 respectively, while Klein stopped at 20 and 10. Lane has gained his remarkable development almost wholly during his college course by gymnasium work.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Orders for changes in the reading of advertisements must be handed in to the Times office before 10 a.m. to insure insertion the same day. New advertisements, displayed, will be received up to 3 p.m. and small ads. until 4 p.m. Merchants and other patrons will aid us a great deal by observing these rules, as the work of re-setting requires time and care, and cannot be done satisfactorily when the paper is being prepared for press.

HOW BURGLARS WORK.

Elaborate Precautions Taken By Them To Preclude Capture.

When we read of a daring burglary in our daily paper we are apt to remark on the audacity of the marauders and wonder by what possible means they have gleaned their knowledge of the ways of the house, for that a knowledge of the inner workings of the favored domain has been gained the success of the affair indicates. The truth is, burglars work on a most elaborate plan. Where a house is selected as a likely one the gang—for big buildings are seldom attacked single handed—set about to learn as much as possible in connection with it, so as to reduce exposure to a minimum.

A large country mansion was robbed of its choicest treasures; the depredators had effected the work so noiselessly and speedily that no trace of them was ever discovered, and some of the rarest works of art had been appropriated so cleverly that expert thieves of no ordinary knowledge must have been at work; plate and a considerable sum of money likewise falling booty to their hands. It was afterwards believed that a deal of the knowledge gained by the marauders had been imparted by means of photographs, which were easily procurable in the adjacent village, being much in request for their beauty of architectural design, cabinets of the interior of the mansion—famous for its artistic decoration—brightening the shop windows of the villagers. The village postmaster remembered selling two dozen or more photographs of the different parts of the house and its surroundings to a well dressed gentleman, but as this was quite six months before the robbery no importance had been attached to it, even during the careful investigation instituted after the morning of the depredation.

Some first-class crib crackers have accomplices innumerable, who, while taking no part in the house breaking itself, render material assitance to the nefarious ones by obtaining information concerning the habits of the inmates of the spotted houses. Women are usually entrusted with this mission, and accomplish it satisfactorily by gaining admission in a respectable capacity; one person—a young girl about twenty—being an adept at probing her way into the better class houses on all sorts of errands, even feigning illness as a last resource, her elegant manners, culture of speech and refined dress arousing no suspicion.

Impressions of keys have been taken by women more expeditiously than by men. Window fittings have been examined under pretense of putting in window rolls; while glaziers have worked at broken windows purely to sketch the fastenings and examine through the panes the various rooms.

An effective robbery was traced on one occasion to a wicker chair and basket mender—a woman—who for three weeks worked on the premises of a large country house, mending and making for the inmates, and at the same time noting down particulars for a company of shady ones, who remunerated her handsomely for her services. This woman was reported to be connected with two or more gangs, which, acquainted with her constant visits to the large, isolated houses on business, commissioned her to execute work for them as well—an opportunity gladly seized upon to better her circumstances. Had she turned white feather and unfolded her secret to the police the gang would not have suffered, as a non-interested person was intrusted to bear instructions, this wight being unaware that he was thus unwittingly assisting a burglary.

Other plans have been adopted where the thieves were fearful of an accomplice—in the shape of a basket mender or occasional seamstress—turning traitor. The information required has been written on a wall or fence in signs and figures unintelligible to the uninitiated, but readable as printed characters to the parties concerned. Even money has been secreted in hollow trees, walls or some arranged nook, to prevent intercourse between burglars and accomplice.

A burglar's note book, found some time ago, revealed an astonishing quantity of information, though the names of towns, villages, houses and occupants were substituted by signs and small illustrations, mysterious as Chinese characters, except to their originator and his privileged followers. Small plans, beautifully executed and revealing points of admirable accuracy—some even worthy of preservation as examples of perseverance, so artistically were they prepared—were scattered profusely throughout its pages; and a paragraph here and there was jotted down in a shorthand understood only by the author—he being apparently a well educated, business like man—a cool villain of the highest type.

One individual—the yard or house dog—plays an important part in the burglar's calculations. The accomplice must study his movements as minutely as a professor of natural history or prize fancier, and many a valuable animal has been incapacitated through this plan. Besides these premature precautions, there are various items to consider on the night selected for depredation, and all manner of intricate schemes are concocted to render detection or seizure almost impossible.

Nets have been secured before the doors where an intruder has been feared, so that a sudden entry would result in the intruder being securely noosed. Telescopic ladders have been reared at opposite windows to keep off the inmates from the exact quarter of the plunderers; and formidable nettings of fine rope and wire have been strung across grounds and front lawns where a pursuer would most likely emerge.

Yet these complicated proceedings in description—are based on a system so scientific that the work of preparing is effected in an incredible period of a few minutes, the gathering together of the paraphernalia being also most expeditiously effected. These night gentry are usually well dressed and educated, and the secret workings of a select gang are observed with a mystery that defies the utmost scrutiny of the law, individual members suffering arrest never splitting on their confederates—so that all the members of a gang rarely meet with their deserts.

CONTINUAL ADVERTISING IS THE ....PRICE OF BUSINESS SUCCESS....

Don't Forget that when you buy Scott's Emulsion you are not getting a secret mixture containing worthless or harmful drugs.

Scott's Emulsion *cannot* be secret for an analysis reveals all there is in it. Consequently the endorsement of the medical world *means something*.

Scott's Emulsion overcomes *Wasting*, promotes the making of *Solid Flesh*, and gives *Vital Strength*. It has no equal as a cure for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Consumption, Scrofula, Anæmia, Emaciation, and Wasting Diseases of Children.

Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

Chew Tuckett's T&B "Mahogany" and "Black" Chewing Tobacco

Manufactured by The Geo. E. Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.

ANDREW SHERET,
Plumber and Gas Fitter,
Late of Oriental Alley, has removed to 14 FORT ST. Estimates given on sewerage connections. mar. 8-1m.

Sewer Pipe

I have now for sale about twenty thousand feet best Scotch salt glazed SEWER PIPES (3 feet lengths), and all kinds of traps and fittings. The ONLY Pipe in Victoria to stand the test! ! ! !

Tiles . . . . . .

Received large consignment by last ship from England of Glazed, Printed and Art Tiles, for hearths and floors. The Latest Styles.

J W. Keller,
Corner Yates and Quadra Streets.

TENDERS WANTED.

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received up to Thursday, March 14th, at 4 p.m., for the erection of a new Boat House for the use of the Victoria Canoe Club. Plans and specifications can be seen at the C. P. R. Telegraph office. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. WM. CHRISTIE,
Sec'y-Treas. V. C. C. Bldg. Ass'n.
mars 5t

TENDERS

To be addressed to the undersigned will be received up to noon of the 20th day of March, 1895, for the purchase of 25 shares in the steam schooner "Mischief," of the Port of Victoria.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Dated the 8th day of March, 1895.
YATES & JAY,
22 Bastion Street, Victoria, Solicitors for the Mortgagee. mars-td

Estate of Russell, McDonald & Co.

TENDERS FOR STOCK.

Separate tenders will be received by the undersigned until the 20th inst., at noon, for the Stock and Fixtures in the stores lately occupied by Russell, McDonald & Co., at Vancouver and Victoria. Tenders must state the amount in the dollar they are willing to give, and tenders must be accompanied by a certified cheque for 10 per cent. on the amount of their bid, payable to the undersigned. Full particulars may be had on the premises at each place, or from the assignee to whom all tenders are to be addressed.

Terms cash. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOS. T. HULL,
Assignee, Dock Building, 58 Broad street, Victoria, B.C.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

FLECTION CARDS

To the Electors of Victoria District

I beg leave to announce that I am a candidate for election to the House of Commons at the next general election.

A. DeCOSMOS.

Victoria, B.C., February 26, 1895.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Mr. F. B. Atherton is my authorised collector.

LEWIS HALL.

Notice of Assignment.

Re estate of Charles A. Lombard. Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Amendment Act, 1894."

Notice is hereby given that Charles A. Lombard, residing at 50 Collison street in the city of Victoria, B. C., carrying on business at 61 Government street in the city of Victoria aforesaid, under the style and name of C. A. Lombard & Co., music dealer, has by deed dated the 14th day of February, 1895, granted and assigned all his personal estate, credits and effects, which may be seized and sold under execution and all his real estate (except leaseholds) unto William Henry Bone, of 62 Government street in the city of Victoria, and residing at Holgate, Topaz avenue, in the said city, stationer, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably and proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Charles A. Lombard. The said deed was executed by the said parties thereto and the trusts thereby created were accepted and undertaken by the said William Henry Bone on the 14th day of February, 1895.

Creditors of the said Charles A. Lombard are required to send forthwith full particulars of their claims proved by statutory declaration to the said trustee, and all persons indebted to the said Charles A. Lombard are required to pay the amount of their indebtedness to the said trustee forthwith.

After the 15th day of April, 1895, the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which he shall then have had notice, and the said trustee will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not at the time of such distribution have had notice.

Dated the 14th day of February, 1895.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley street, Victoria, solicitor for W. H. Bone, trustee.

A meeting of the creditors of the above estate will be held at the office of S. Perry Mills, 46 Langley street, on Saturday, the 23rd day of February, 1895, at 11 o'clock a.m.

W. H. BONE, Trustee.

Notice of Assignment

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that John Graham Brown, of No. 45 North Chatham street, Victoria, British Columbia, contractor, has by deed dated the 14th day of February, 1895, granted and assigned all his real and personal estate (save as therein excepted) to John Manson Malcolm, of No. 43 Henry street, in the said city of Victoria, stone mason, in trust, for the benefit of all the creditors of the said John Graham Brown. The said deed was executed by the said parties, and the said John Manson Malcom accepted the trusts thereunder, on the 14th day of February, 1895. All creditors are required to send full particulars of their claims, proved by affidavit or declaration to the undersigned on or before the 20th day of March, 1895.

Dated this 20th day of February, 1895.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the assignee, 50 Langley street, Victoria.

CREDITORS' MEETING.

A meeting of the creditors will be held at 50 Langley street, Victoria, B. C., on Monday, the 4th day of March, 1895, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. f21-1m

In the Matter of the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890" and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph C. Devlin, of 234 Simcoe street, Victoria, did by deed dated the 13th of February, 1895, grant and assign his real and personal property unto Charles Fox Todd, of Wharf street, Victoria, and 212 Johnson street, Victoria, merchant, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably or proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Joseph C. Devlin.

All persons having claims against the said Joseph C. Devlin are requested to forward and deliver full particulars thereof, duly verified, to the said trustee on or before the 15th of March, 1895, after which day the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice.

Dated February 15th, 1895.

C. F. TODD, Trustee.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Joseph C. Devlin will be held in the office of the said C. F. Todd on Wharf street, Victoria, at 3 p.m., on Friday, the 22nd day of February, 1895.

C. F. TODD, Trustee.

For Sale or Rent.

"WINTERBOURNE RISE," the residence of the late Sir M. B. Begbie. For further particulars apply to

tf LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
oc8-tf City Engineer.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

FOOTBALL.

SOMENOS DEFEATED.

It was an easy win for the Victoria team in their match with Somenos at Caledonia Park on Saturday afternoon. The game, though, was not uninteresting, and Rugby footballers congregated in large numbers to witness the play. The Somenos backs were weak, and the Victoria backs being strong, the ball seldom got past the Victoria twenty-five. Miller, Haines and Byrne played a good game for the home team, and Harris, Broadwood and the brothers Johnston and Tait did good work for the Somenos club. The Victoria club played an efficient combination game.

WANDERER JUNIORS WIN.

At Beacon hill on Saturday afternoon the Wanderer Juniors defeated the second eleven of the R. M. A. at a game of association football. The score stood five goals to one. The game was a lively one.

The Junior Wanderers play against the Junior Rangers of Nanaimo on the 30th inst. This will be the final match of the junior championship tie.

It a meeting of the Irish footballers to be held to-night, the St. Patrick's Day team will be picked.

WANDERERS vs. WORLD.

The above game took place on Beacon hill and resulted in the defeat of the World by five goals to nil. The first half of the game was very hard and well contested, the Wanderers scoring their first goal a few minutes from the start. No further scoring took place in this half. The remainder of the game was a purely defensive one on the part of the World and the Wanderers only managed to put up another four points, chiefly owing to the good play of Mossford in goal. This is the last game the Wanderers will have before the final cup tie match next Saturday in Nanaimo against the Rangers of that city. Arrangements have been made with the E. & N. railway company to run a special train on that occasion, leaving Victoria at 8 o'clock in the morning and returning from Nanaimo at 6:30 p.m. The fare has been made very low —$2— in order that a large crowd may take advantage of it. Passengers will have seven hours in Nanaimo. The Wanderers have been putting in excellent practice, and President Brown is confident his team will bring back the cup and championship of the province for another year. It is to be hoped that a large number of those interested in football will travel with them that day and encourage them both with their presence on the field and at the same time helping the club to bear the heavy expense they are under in connection with the trip. The game will be one for blood. The Nanaimo men are determined to get the cup back again, and the Victoria boys are just as determined to retain it in their possession. Ho for Nanaimo next Saturday.

YACHTING.

INTERNATIONAL RACES.

Mentone, France, March 11.—In the international yacht race here to-day the Britannia won in the race for large yachts and the Dakotah in the race for small raters. It was expected that the Ailsa would start, but the damages she sustained on Saturday had not been repaired. One of the prizes competed for was a thousand francs, presented by President Faure.

THE OAR.

SEATTLE CREW.

The boat for the Seattle Athletic Club crew has arrived from the east and the men have commenced practice on Lake Washington. This crew will attend the Northwest regatta which in all probability will be held at Victoria this year.

CHESS.

LOCAL TOURNAMENT.

Interest in the chess tournament continues unabated. P. Schwengers and J. Earsmann, owing to ill health, have dropped out.

LACROSSE.

LACROSSE MEETING.

The lacrosse club meets to-night when the formation of an intermediate association will be considered. It is proposed to have a schedule of games and a pennant to be won two years.

Brief Locals.

—A meeting of the board of school trustees has been called for Wednesday night.

—Commencing next week a fourteen-hour reduction in the time schedule will go into force on the Great Northern between the coast and St. Paul.

—A meeting of solicitors practicing in Victoria will be held at the office of Bodwell & Irving on Wednesday evening to discuss professional matters.

—Sam Kee, a Chinese gardener at Spring Ridge, was fined $20 and $5.25 costs in police court this afternoon for maintaining a nuisance in the form of a cesspool, in which he stored night soil for use in his garden. There was ample evidence to show that the thing was most offensive. Sanitary Officer Conlin stated that the practice was general among the Chinese gardeners. The accused was represented by Lindley Crease and the defense endeavored to show that there was no intention to do anything of the kind, and that Kee desired to obey the law. A similar charge against Sam Wah, another gardener, was still to be taken up.

—R. E. Lemon, of Nelson, who is in the city, says the fires were started in the Pilot Bay smelter a week ago last Friday and the blast was started on Wednesday of last week. The smelter will very likely run continuously for 18 months or two years, or until the furnace burns out. Mr. Lemon returns home at once.

"MARCH OF BLOOD."

Story of the Terrible Visitation of Mooshier Pasha.

The first description by an eye-witness of Mooshier Pasha's "March of Blood," as it has come to be known, has just been received from Moosha, Asia Minor. The account is written by a native of the Sasoun district, and has been sent by secret messenger through the territory of the Sultan to insure its safe arrival.

Mooshier Pasha is the military governor of the city of Erzengan, and started by order of the Sultan into the Sasoun district last September. Innumerable villages and 7283 lives was the price of this official visit. The European commission now investigating the Armenian atrocities has just reached the city of Moosha, the town from which the dispatch comes. It reads:

"Moosha, Asia Minor, Jan. 7.—The number of our dead countrymen in the four towns visited by Mooshier Pasha, will not be far short of 7500. This is from the bodies counted and known to have perished. We cannot tell how many others there may be. The first town entered by Mooshier Pasha was Shinik. It contained four villages, Shinik, Mezra, Koojock any Dopy. When our people here heard of the arrival of the pasha from Johannis, 240 of the leading townsmen went to meet him, to beseech him to have mercy upon them. They were surrounded by soldiers long before they could reach Mooshier Pasha, and every one was killed. Their bodies were put in the church and burned. They then proceeded to burn the villages. The number killed from Shinik proper number 623, and 317 from the rest of the villages. Those who escaped are now in the villages surrounding this town, but the villagers are themselves very poor and many go hungry.

"Mooshier Pasha left Shinik to go to the next town in the Sasoon district. This town is Alyan, and has fourteen villages. The people heard of his coming and how he had 24 companies, each of 400 men, besides 23 cannon. They knew that it was useless to appeal to him, so they fled to the village of Chi, because of the rocks and steppes, and there they could better escape him. They stayed in the mountains for almose 20 days, and when all food was gone and there was nothing left to do they fled as best they could. Two thousand bodies were left behind at Chi.

"Gali-Gazan was next, and, because the town has 24 villages around it, Mooshier brought Kurds, Ahmidies and irregulars numbering 30,000. The town was deserted, for the people, with all the food they could carry, had fled to the mountains. They stayed in their fastnesses for thirty days, and at last, with a frenzy both of hunger and despair, they made a terrible rush down the mountain side and attacked the tyrants instead of waiting to be killed. Patriot Vartan was like a god, and killed 19 men with his own sword before he fell dead. Fr. Bedras was a soldier, too, encouraged his children, and when he was at last killed his body was cut in pieces and given to the dogs.

"Alpag was the last town that the bloody tyrant visited, and this place contained eight villages—Yerin, Chaden, Moodavar, Eukik, Kalaxaz, Choroop and Davlorig. The people had for the most part made their escape, but when Mooshier and his soldiers went their way 1300 bodies were found even there. Many more were burned, but their numbers cannot be known.

"All bodies were left where they were butchered, and those who would travel this district must risk their lives through the pestilential odors that go up from so many dead. All who escaped from the Sasoun district came to the villages of the plains of Moosh, and hungry, destitute and heart-broken they look for hope and help and sympathy from the civilized world to whom the news of their terrible lot may come."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

EGYPT'S CIVILIZATION.

An Old Country When European Civilization Commenced.

Excepting, then, Babylon, the story of Egypt goes back the furthest. We do have to-day some positive acquaintance with a country which existed under a marked civilization nearly 5,000 years ago. If there might have been a squad of Greek heroes fighting before some little town called Troy, at that very time, Egypt had reached its climax, and was somewhat in its decline. The author says: "The civilization of other countries, though perhaps as ancient, has left no trace, while in Egypt the number of monuments which have come down will seem inexhaustible." Still, as has been before stated, the deterioration of the most remote civilization in Egypt is one fraught with difficulties. Take English history. Before the coming of Julius Caesar to Britain, barely a century before Christ, English history is a blank. We know about as much concerning it as of the annals of the Pequods ten years prior to the landing of the Pilgrims in America. How, then, are we to expect minute details of a country having a fixed government 3,000 or 4,000 years before Christ? Suppose, as the author explains it, a courtier of King Chofu should have visited the palace of Rameses III. He would have believed himself to be in a foreign country. Rameses III., from his title, had two other Rameses before him. "I must now beg," writes the author, "that readers keep in mind the following fact. In point of time the old empires is as far removed from the new empire as are the times of King Arthur, the hero of romance, from the more prosaic days of Queen Victoria." It is quite possible that there have been other countries with a civilization somewhat on a par with that of old Egypt, and synchronous with it, of which but the barest traces have been left. Among such may be cited evidences found in Ceylon and South America. But here tropical nature, the most destructive of all forces, has extinguished almost everything. It is to the climate of Egypt, the country when there was dry, the slight change of temperature, that we owe the preservation of its monuments. Even the sand, when it smothered a construction of the past, hid it and saved it. Then, again, the Egyptian built his monuments with particular regard to their lasting powers.

"That was a part of his religion. "While most people of similar standing in civilization have been content with perishable graves, the Egyptians prepared for their mummies vast, enduring monuments, the rich decoration of which gives us full details of their manner of life. Thus, in Egypt, we learn to know those centuries of the remote past which in other countries are covered with a thick veil."—N. Y. Times.

PERSONAL.

A. Williams, M.P.P., of Vancouver, is in the city.

R. E. Tolmie returned from the Sound last night.

E. A. Quigley, Vancouver, is registered at the Driard.

R. E. Lemon came over from Vancouver last evening.

J. E. Harris and H. Halton, Somenos, are at the Oriental.

Justice McCreight came over from the mainland last night.

J. L. Beckwith was a passenger last evening from Vancouver.

Geo. T. Taylor, general agent of the Wisconsin Central, is in the city.

Eli Harrison, jr., Judge of the County Court at Nanaimo, is in the city.

J. A. Fullerton, J. E. Fagan are in the city and registered at the Driard.

Chas. Wilson came over from the mainland on the Charmer Sunday night.

E. W. Philipott, Seattle, H. Bullock, Salt Spring Island, are guests at the Dallas.

Major J. M. Mutter, Somenos, A. D. Williams, Nanaimo, are at the New England.

Gus Leiser, of the firm of Lens & Leiser, leaves to-night for Vancouver on business.

E. Russell and wife were passengers for the Sound by the Kingston Saturday night.

B. Nevin has left for Saginaw, Mich., on a business trip. He will be absent two months.

Wm. Gill, of the department of inland revenue, has returned from a trip to the interior.

Wm. Busciank left yesterday for England. He will journey to New York over the C.P.R.

Charles E. Warner, Tacoma, W. Currie and H. Pim, Vancouver, are registered at the Driard.

Mrs. A. M. Anderson and Miss Minnie D. Anderson, Wellington, are guests at the New England.

F. M. Rattenbury, A. Williams and Col. Peters were passengers by the Charmer from the mainland last night.

Mrs. A. G. Hunter, accompanied by her child, arrived here from the east last evening, on a visit to her sister Mrs. (Dr.) West.

J. A. Teeporten left Sunday evening for Vancouver to take charge of Langley & Co.'s mainland store. Mrs. Teeporten accompanied him.

Mrs. Russell, wife of Capt. Russell of the bark Routenbeck, left yesterday over the C. P.R. on the way to London. She will cross the Atlantic on the White Star line.

PASSENGERS.

Per str City of Kingston from the Sound—Saturday—Mrs Anderson, E C Warner and wife, E Russell and wife, Mrs Ross, Mrs Burnel, Wm Lambie, H Brosch, Mrs Baldwin, W H Smith, J Rich.

Sunday—J Meyer, A Corrich, Mrs Cross, S Hartman, W Bailon and wife, R F Tolmie, W F Freeman, Mrs Hartman, Geo S Taylor, Mrs A G Hunter and child, J G Furnish, Mrs Morris, H A Jacker, Mrs Agnew, D A Murphy and wife.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Saturday—Mrs Mowbe, A Chinoy, C A Bullen, Mrs McPhadden, J S Mowbe, C G Henshaw, J McCummins, Mrs Morrison, Samuel Okell, H Pain, T Turner, Wm Gill, Mrs Teeporten, J A Teeporten, A L Ryals, T M Baird, Mrs Lennox, Miss Stoughton, Geo Campbell, D P Healey, F M Steele, W W Pepard, Harold Okell, Thos Trapeur, Wm Peterson, Dr A R Bird.

Sunday—J W Lawrence, A French, C Landeau, H A Troope, H Beale, N Preston, F J Evans, L Robinson, Miss Robinson, W J Jones, R E Lemon, W McDowell, Wm Hull, S Tollemarche, F M Rattenbury, J L Beckwith, Alfred Jones, Lt Col Peters, J R Greenfield, J E Fagan, E A Quigley, J A Fullerton, W Ethershanks, W Manson, R G Penn, F V Austin, A Williams, Justice McCreight, Chas Wilson, J A Russel, A C Sutton, J Collcutt, A Morrison, R E Palmer, E B Irving, Mrs Thos Duncan, A Plowers, Wm Davies, Mrs Mead.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—(Saturday)—Standard Oil Co, Perry & T, Wood & O, S Leiser, Clarke & P, R A Brown, A & W Wilson, Lenz & L, A R Baird, A Barker, J Colbert, T Turner, Dom Ex Co.

(Sunday)—Jno Parsons, J Piercy, S Leiser, W Humphrey, T M Brahan, Braden Bros, J Mitchell, C T Reid, Ledingham Bros, Johns Bros, J Fullerton, K Michim, Geo Powell, Perry & T, J Maydard, Small & P, E G Prior & Co, Shawnigan Lake L Co, Lens & L, Taylor M Co, F Morris, Dom Ex Co.

Per str City of Kingston from the Sound—(Saturday)—T W Fletcher, W W Clarke, T C Co, C P N Co, E G Prior & Co, and D M Leary.

(Sunday)—Turner Beeton & Co, T & M, R W J, J E Potter & Co, Wm Teitgen, Thos E Ladner, S M & Co, Y & S, Express, J Wilson, C W McNeil, J A Richards.

When so many people are taking and deriving benefit from Hood's Sarsaparilla, why don't you try it yourself? It is highly recommended.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

GOLDMAN, The Toronto Tailor,
Cor. Broad and View Streets, Opposite Driard.
Carries a first-class stock of Merchant Tailoring Goods which he makes up in the latest styes at the most reasonable prices. First-class fit and workmanship guaranteed. Suits made up of your own goods from $10 and upward. Note the address: Cor. Broad and View Streets, opposite Driard.

MINING DISASTER.

Several Men Entombed in a Burning Mine at White Oak.

Scorro, N.M., March 11.—Further details of fire in Old Abe mine at White Oak shows the entire plant of mine above the ground is consumed. Nothing has been heard this morning from the men imprisoned in the mine. It is not likely they can be reached until this afternoon, and very little hope is entertained of finding them alive.

SANTA CLARA BANK WRECKER.

Leonard Will Probably Go to Jail for at Least Three Years.

San Jose, Cal., March 11.—S. M. Leonard, the Santa Clara bank wrecker, who together with Cashier C. C. Hayward now deceased, precipitated the failure of the bank by their "loans" to themselves, bids fair to go to jail for three years, as the supreme court has sustained Judge Reynold's decision. Besides this case, there are seven other indictments for embezzlement and one for falsifying records, that are yet untried. The aggregate of his and Hayward's peculations amount to $240,000. Leonard is out on bail of $11,000.

Mamma—You never see Tommy Jones playing about the trolley car tracks or running before the cars.

Teddy—'Taint no fun for him.

Mamma—Why isn't it.

Teddy—His mamma never said he masn't.

EPHRAIM'S PATENT IRONCLAD BOOT, Patent No. 42,233,
Can be obtained from
The Ames Holden Company, Ltd.

Shall We Be Friends?

The newspaper's columns are probably our means of introduction to you. But once you know us and get acquainted with our way of doing business, we are sure the result will be a business friendship that will grow firmer as the years roll by.

Creighton,
86 Government St.,
The Tailor.
Drop in and see our Spring Suitings.

Billiard Supplies
OF ALL KINDS
AT LOWEST CASH PRICES.
Agents for Samuel May & Co.'s
Pool and Billiard Tables.
REPAIRS done and Tables recovered on short notice.

M. W. WAITT & CO.,
64 Government Street

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Halifax.

Allan Line, Numidian	Mar 16
Allan Line, Mongolian	Mar. 30
Allan Line, Laurentian	Apr. 13
Dominion Line, Oregon	Mar. 23
Dominion Line, Labrador	Apr. 6
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Apr. 20

From New York.

Cunard Line, Umbria	Mar. 16
Cunard Line, Lucania	Mar. 23
American Line, Paris	Mar. 20
American Line, New York	Mar. 27
White Star Line, Britannic	Mar. 20
White Star Line, Majestic	Mar. 27
North Ger. Lloyd, Trave	Mar. 19
Northe Ger. Lloyd, Lahn	Mar. 26
Anchor Line, Circassia	Mar. 23
Anchor Line, Furnessia	Apr. 6
Red Star Line, Rhynland	Mar. 20
Red Star Line, Westernland	Mar. 27
Allan State Line, Nebraska	Mar. 16

Saloon fares from $40.00 to $90.00, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25.00 to $40.00. Steerage, $10.00 to $25.00. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5.00 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10.00 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY, - Agent, Victoria
Cor. Fort and Government Streets.

WELLINGTON COAL
$6.50 PER TON
SWINERTON & ODDY,
110 Government Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
Tuesday Ev'g & Wednesday Matinee
March 12th and 13th.
Under the distinguished patronage of Lieut. Governor and Mrs. Dewdney,
REV. H. R. HAWEIS, M.A.,
Incumbent St. James' Church, Marylebone, London,
PREACHER, AUTHOR, LECTURER,
Subject, Tuesday Evening, 8:30:
"MUSIC, The Art of the Age."
An Exercise in Music and Morals, with violin illustrations.
Wednesday Matinee at 3:30 p.m.
"MUSIC AND NOISE,"
With experiments on Chinese Gong, Tuning Fork, Penny Whistle and Violin.
Admission Tuesday evening, 50c., no extra charge for reserved seats. Matinee Wednesday, 25c.; no reserved seats. m7-6t

Sons of Erin Concert.
At the VICTORIA THEATRE
Saturday, March 16, 1895,
Commencing at 8 p.m.
Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor, the Lieutenant Governor.
So far the following well known favorites have been secured:
MISS AGNEW, MRS. ROWLANDS, MRS. ARCHER MARTIN, MESSRS. W. R. HIGGINS, ASPLAND, J. G. BROWN, ROWLANDS, BUCK, AND RICHARDSON.
Tickets, 25c. and 50c. Reserved seats, 75c. Plan of Theatre at Jamieson's.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Liberal Association.

A meeting of the Victoria Liberal Association will be held on MONDAY EVENING, 12th inst., at 8 o'clock, in Philharmonic Hall, Fort street.

A full attendance of members is requested, as business of importance is to be transacted.

J. T. BETHUNE, Secy.

YOUNG MEN'S LIBERAL CLUB.

A meeting of the above Association will be held in Pioneer Hall, Broad Street, on

Tuesday Evening, March 12th,
at 8 o'clock.

A full attendance is earnestly requested. An election of officers not yet appointed will be held, and other important matters will come before the meeting.

C. A. GREGG, Secretary.

BRITISH COLUMBIA PROTESTANT ORPHANS' HOME,
Hillside Avenue, Victoria, B. C.

Notice is hereby given that the twenty-second annual meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the committee room at the City Hall, Victoria, on Friday, March 15th, 1895, at 8 p.m., to receive the reports of the retiring officers, to elect a committee of management for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that may be lawfully brought before such meeting.

Donations and subscriptions for 1894 forwarded to the Honorary Treasurer, Mr. James Hutcheson, on or before Thursday, the 14th inst., will be acknowledged in his report.

JOHN JESSOP, Hon. Secretary.
mr8-td

MERCHANTS' LUNCH
Served at the
Poodle Dog Restaurant
From 12 to 2 with glass of beer or claret, 40 cents.
Regular meals with glass of beer or claret 50 cents.
18 LOUIS MARBOEUF, Pro

Calendars! Calendars! Calendars!
Finest Selection in the City. Ten Variation.
One given with every pair of boots.
Glad to show visitors the quality of our stock.
Cheap lot of Ladies' Shoes to hand. Ladies' Buttoned Boots (sample fours) are fine goods.
Some of the Babies' Goods still on hand.
Old Country Boot Store,
91 Johnson Street,
Between Broad and Douglas Streets.
JAMES FREEL, Proprietor.